

Accreditation Quality Report





Version: 4 Date: 7/25/2013 3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO



Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

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Missouri Baptist Medical Center

3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389







Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective	Last Full Survey Last On-S		
		Date	Date	Survey Date	
Mospital	Accredited	3/17/2012	3/16/2012	3/16/2012	

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Hospital

Advanced Certification	Certification Decision	Effective	Last Full Review Last On-Site		
Programs		Date	Date	Review Date	
Primary Stroke Center	Certification	7/6/2011	6/4/2013	6/4/2013	

Other Accredited Programs/Services

• Hospital (Accredited by American College of Surgeons-Commission on Cancer (ACoS-COC))

Special Quality Awards

2013 ACS National Surgical Quality Improvement Program

		•	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
		Nationwide	Statewide	
Hospital	2012National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	*	

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

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Summary of Quality Information

			Commission Accredited zations
		Nationwide	Statewide
	National Quality Improvement Goals:		
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	⊕	⊕
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	Heart Failure Care	Ø	Ø
	Pneumonia Care	⊕	⊕
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	⊕	⊕
	Blood Vessel Surgery	⊕	⊕
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Ø	Ø
	Coronary Artery Bypass Graft	⊕	⊕
	Hip Joint Replacement	⊕	⊕
	Hysterectomy	⊕	⊕
	Knee Replacement	⊕	⊕
	Open Heart Surgery	⊕	⊕
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
Breast Healthcare Center Rock Hill Mammography 9450 Manchester Road Suite 206 Saint Louis, MO 63119	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Fertility Center at Missouri Baptist Medical Center 3015 N. Ballas Rd, Building C, Suite 258 Saint Louis, MO 63131	Services: • Anesthesia (Outpatient) • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
MBMC St. Louis Gynolocologic Oncology 11652 Studt Road Saint Louis, MO 63141	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Missouri Baptist Healthcare-Sunset Hills 3844 S. Lindbergh Blvd. Saint Louis, MO 63127	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care

Missouri Baptist Medical Center * 3015 North Ballas Road Saint Louis, MO 63131

Available Services

Joint Commission Advanced Certification Programs:

• Primary Stroke Center

Services:

- Brachytherapy (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Surgical Services)
- Cardiac Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Cardiothoracic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Cardiovascular Unit (Inpatient)
- Coronary Care Unit (Inpatient)
- CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Dialysis Unit (Inpatient)
- Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services)
- EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Gastroenterology (Surgical Services)
- GI or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Gynecological Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Gynecology (Inpatient)
- Hematology/Oncology Unit (Inpatient)
- Interventional Radiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Labor & Delivery (Inpatient)
- Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)

- Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient)
- Medical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)
- Neuro/Spine Unit (Inpatient)
- Neurosurgery (Surgical Services)
- Normal Newborn Nursery (Inpatient)
- Nuclear Medicine (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Orthopedic/Spine Unit (Inpatient)
- Pediatric Unit (Inpatient)
- Plastic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient)
- Radiation Oncology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Surgical Unit (Inpatient)
- Thoracic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Ultrasound
 (Imaging/Diagnostic S
- (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)Urology (Surgical Services)
- Vascular Surgery (Surgical Services)

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2012 National Patient Safety Goals

Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	Ø
	Reconciling Medication Information	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	<u> </u>
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	Ø
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	Ø
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	Ø
	Preventing Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	Ø
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	Ø Ø Ø
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	Ø
	Marking the Procedure Site	Ø
	Performing a Time-Out	Ø

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint Commission

Accredited Organizations

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide

Heart Attack Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		1	Nationwide	<u> </u>	State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	98% of 58 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 550 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 516 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Heart Attack Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus \oplus overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.

		Соі	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		on
			Nationwide	ou Organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	100% of 493 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Primary PCI received within 90 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patient with a clogged artery in the heart that is opened with a balloon therapy called PCI within 90 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients had a clogged artery in the heart opened with a balloon therapy called PCI to increase blood flow to the heart and reduce heart damage. Lack of blood supply to heart muscle can cause lasting heart damage. In certain types of heart attacks, a small balloon is threaded into a blood vessel in the heart to open up a clogged artery that keeps the blood from flowing to the heart muscle. It is important that this therapy be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	100% of 36 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	97%
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	100% of 495 eligible Pattents	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Heart Failure Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the \bigcirc \odot overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	98% of 148 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	98% of 509 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	94%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 675 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Pneumonia Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus **(** overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.

		Соі	npared to o			on
			Accredit Nationwide	ed Organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	
Weddare	Explanation	Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	99% of 397 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	98% of 47 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	94% of 191 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide SCIP - Cardiac This evidence based measure assesses continuation of

beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		N	Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of	98% of 266 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%

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surgical time frame.

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complications is decreased when the

Beta-Blocker is continued during the

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Statewide

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	S
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	(

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		١	lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 569 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 569 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Compared to other Joint Commission **Accredited Organizations** Nationwide Statewide **(**

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP - Infection	This category of evidence based measures assesses the
Prevention	overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection
	prevention.

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prevenu						
		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
			lationwide	_		wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 548 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	99% of 110 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 38 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of	100% of 38 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Statewide

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕

		Cor	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		N	Nationwide			wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	97% of 34 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	97%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	99% of 135 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 46 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	96% of 46 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%

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3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint Accredited Organizations ewide

		Accircuited C	n gai iizalic
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	State
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
Marana	Franks a files		lationwide	A	State	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored	Average Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 43 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%
Patients Having Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery.	99% of 225 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 76 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 76 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint Commission **Accredited Organizations** Statewide Nationwide

Wedsale / Wed	Explanation
SCIP - Infection	This category of evidence based measures assesses the
Prevention	overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection
	prevention.

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For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
		N	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often coronary artery bypass graft surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 73 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 282 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	99% of 95 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	99% of 95 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Org ID: 8389







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint Commission **Accredited Organizations** Statewide onwide

Measure Area	Explanation	Natio
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	(





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		Соі	mpared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
			Nationwide		State	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 92 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	98% of 196 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	98% of 66 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	98% of 66 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%



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Measure Area

Prevention

SCIP - Infection

Org ID: 8389







National Quality Improvement Goals

Explanation

This category of evidence based measures assesses the

overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

prevention.

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Nationwide Statewide

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	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations						
						tatewide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	98% of 64 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%	
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 562 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 188 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 188 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	99%	



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3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint

		/ tool called	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

	Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n	
	١	lationwide			wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 186 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Open Heart Surgery other than Coronary Artery Bypass Graft*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Open Heart Surgery.	100% of 176 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 60 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 60 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
Nationwide Statewide

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationw
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
	١	lationwide		State	wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 56 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Heart surgery patients with controlled blood sugar after surgery.	This measure reports the number of heart surgery patients that had a blood sugar of less than 200 on day one and day two after surgery. Infection is lowest in both diabetic and nondiabetic patients when blood sugar is controlled immediately after surgery.	100% of 163 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	99%	97%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	100% of 867 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	99% of 494 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	99%	95%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP - Venous	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the
Thromboembolism	prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients
(VTE)	

		Cor	npared to d Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	100% of 557 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 557 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Missouri Baptist Medical Center

3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Ora ID: 8389







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

ootnote Key	Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
ver than 100 patients completed the AHPS survey. Use these rates with tion, as the number of surveys may oo low to reliably assess hospital formance.	April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	41%
s displays less than 12 months of	Question	Explanation	
vey results are not available for this iod. patients were eligible for the AHPS Survey.	How often did doctors communicate with patients?	Patients reported how often their do well them during their hospital stay. "Cor doctors explained things clearly, I	mmunicated well" means

Doctors "always" communicated well D			Doctors "usually" communicated well			Doctors "sometimes" or "never" communicated well			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
83%	81%	81%	15%	15%	15%	2%	4%	4%	

patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect.

Question Explanation								
How often did nurses communicate well with patients? Patients reported how of them during their hospite explained things clearly treated the patient with of					neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis	y. "Communio tened carefu	cated well" me	eans nurses
Nurses "always" communicated well Nurse			Nurses	"usually" commi	unicated well		"sometimes" ommunicated	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average

Question		Explanation			
How often did patients receive help qu from hospital staff?		rted how often t button or need edpan.			
Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted		its "usually" rece soon as they wa		 s "sometimes' elp as soon a	or "never" s they wanted

	Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted		Patients "usually" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "sometimes" or "never" received help as soon as they wanted		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
57%	65%	66%	32%	26%	24%	11%	9%	10%

3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389



Question





Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	41%

Explanation

How often was patients' pain well controlled?				If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, the survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their pain was well controlled and that the hospital staff did everything they could to help patients with their pain.					
Pain was "always" well controlled			Pain wa	s "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was "sometimes" or "never" well controlled			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
69%	69%	70%	24%	24%	23%	7%	7%	7%	

Question				Explanation					
How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients?				If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told what the medicine was for and what side effects it might have before they gave it to the patient.					
Staff "always" explained			S	taff "usually" ex	plained	Staff "sometimes" or "never" explained			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
60%	61%	63%	17%	19%	18%	23%	20%	19%	

Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389



Question

67%

72%

73%





Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

21%

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	41%

Explanation

	were the pa	tients' rooms ar	nd	Patients reported how often their hospital room and bathroom were kept clean.				
Roon	า was "always	s" clean	Ro	om was "usuall	y" clean	Room wa	as "sometimes clean	s" or "never"
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average

19%

12%

information about symptoms or health problems to watch for

9%

9%

18%

Question			E	xplanation					
How often was the area around patients' rooms kept quiet at night?			ts'	Patients reported how often the area around their room was quiet at night.					
"Always" quiet at night			" U	sually" quiet a	t night	"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
50%	59%	60%	35%	30%	29%	15%	11%	11%	

Question	Explanation
	The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether
Were patients given information about what	hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home.
to do during their recovery at home?	Patients also reported whether they were given written

during their recovery.

Yes, staff	did give patients th	is information	No, staff di	d not give patients t	his information
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
86%	85%	84%	14%	15%	16%

Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.

This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.

Footnote Key

3. Survey results are not available for this period.

No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

3015 North Ballas Road, Saint Louis, MO

Org ID: 8389







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	41%

Question				Explanation					
How do patients rate the hospital overall?				After answering all other questions on the survey, patients answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating of the hospital. Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."					
Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10 Pat (high)			Patient	s who gave a ra (medium)	ting of 7 or 8	Patients [,]	Patients who gave a rating of 6 or lower (low)		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
67%	69%	69%	25%	22%	23%	8%	9%	8%	

Question				Explanation					
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?				The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the hospital to their friends and family.					
YES, patients would definitely recommend the hospital				S, patients would ecommend the I	•	NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
74%	69%	70%	23%	26%	25%	3%	5%	5%	

Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.