

Accreditation Quality Report







Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

3200 Pleasant Valley Rd, West Bend, WI



Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs Accreditation Decision Effective Last Full Survey Last On-Site Date **Survey Date** Date Home Care Accredited 5/1/2010 4/24/2013 4/24/2013 Accredited 5/1/2010 4/24/2013 4/24/2013) Hospital

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Hospice Agency

Hospital

Other Accredited Programs/Services

• Hospital (Accredited by American College of Surgeons-Commission on Cancer (ACoS-COC))

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations		
		Nationwide Statewide		
Home Care	2010National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	*	
Hospital	2010National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	*	

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.



The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

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ure or Measure Set was not		Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
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rison purposes.		Blood Vessel Surgery	3	3
ure meets the Privacy e Threshold rule.		Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Ø	Ø
ization scored above 90% but w most other organizations.		Hip Joint Replacement	Ð	Ð
ure results are not statistically		• Hysterectomy	Ø	Ø
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per of months with Measure low the reporting requirement.		SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		

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Locations of Care

Locations of Care	Available Services
Sleep Center 1201 Oak Street West Bend, WI 53095	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
St. Joseph's Community Hospital of West Bend Inc. * 3200 Pleasant Valley Rd West Bend, WI 53095-3898	 Services: CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services) EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) Gastroenterology (Surgical Services) Gastroenterology (Surgical Services) General Laboratory Tests Gl or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) General Laboratory Tests Gl or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) Gynecological Surgery (Surgical Services) Interventional Radiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) Labor & Delivery (Inpatient) Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) Labor & Delivery (Inpatient) Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient) Medical ICU (Intensive Care Unit) Normal Newborn Nursery (Inpatient)
The Kathy Hospice 3232 Pleasant Valley Road West Bend, WI 53095	Services: • Hospice Care

3200 Pleasant Valley Rd, West Bend, WI



2010 National Patient Safety Goals

Home Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	\bigcirc
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	\bigcirc
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	\bigotimes
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implementing a Fall Reduction Program	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Risks Associated with Home Oxygen	0

Symbol Key

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2010 National Patient Safety Goals

Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	\bigcirc
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	\bigcirc
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	\bigcirc
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	\bigotimes
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	0 0 0 0
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	\bigotimes
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	Õ
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	\bigotimes
	Marking the Procedure Site	\bigotimes
	Performing a Time-Out	Ø

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission	
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	1 3	6 3

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	lationwide	Average Rate:		ewide Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	600 3	100%	98%	100%	96%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 9 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 6 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%



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Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	6 3	6 3

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		1	Vationwide		State	wide
Measure Explanation		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Averag Rate:
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	100% of 7 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	ND 3 71% of 7 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission	
		Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	6 3	(10) ³

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		١	lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 21 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	96%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	73% of 63 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	93%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	99% of 82 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Immunization	This evidence-based prevention measure set assesses immunization activity for pneumonia and influenza.	1 8	⁸ 💽

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					'n	
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Pneumococcal Immunization (PPV23) – Overall Rate	This prevention measure assesses pneumococcal vaccine screening and immunization for all defined categories of acute care hospitalized inpatients	95% of 341 eligible Patients ⁷	98%	90%	³	3
Pneumococcal Immunization (PPV-23) – High Risk Populations (Age 6-64 years)	This prevention measure assesses pneumococcal vaccine screening and immunization, when indicated, for acute care hospitalized inpatients aged between 6 and 64 years who are considered high risk.	85% of 75 eligible Patients ⁷	97%	80%	3	3
Pneumococcal Immunization (PPV23) – Age 65 and Older	This prevention measure assesses pneumococcal vaccine screening and immunization, when indicated, for acute care hospitalized inpatients 65 years of age and older.	97% of 266 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	94%	³	3
Influenza Immunization	This prevention measure addresses acute care hospitalized inpatients age 6 months and older who were screened for seasonal influenza immunization status and were vaccinated prior to discharge if indicated.	93% of 216 eligible Patients ⁷	96%	84%	3	3

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St. Joseph's Community Hospital of West Bend Inc.

3200 Pleasant Valley Rd, West Bend, WI



National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Ð	Ð

	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					n
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	wide Average Rate:
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	98% of 140 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	98% of 52 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	97% of 65 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations Nationwide Statewide				
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10%	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	100% of 80 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	(Ð	

		Cor	npared to c Accredite	other Joint ed Organiz		'n
		Ν	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	100% of 185 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 185 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	98% of 178 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	100% of 9 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	96%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 3 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 3 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%



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Footnote Key

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The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.

The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically

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There were no eligible patients that met

the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.

The Measure Set does not have an

St. Joseph's Community Hospital of West Bend Inc.

3200 Pleasant Valley Rd, West Bend, WI

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited C	rganizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	(

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 3 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	94%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	100% of 51 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 17 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 17 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	96%



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St. Joseph's Community Hospital of West Bend Inc.

3200 Pleasant Valley Rd, West Bend, WI



National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Join Commission	
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
Measure	Explanation	Hospital		Average	State Top 10%	Average	
		Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:	
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 17 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	95%	
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	98% of 131 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 45 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 45 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%	



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St. Joseph's Community Hospital of West Bend Inc.

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

			o other Joint
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Nationwide Statewide				wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital		Average	Top 10%	Average
		Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 41 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	97% of 34 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 12 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	92% of 12 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	98%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organization		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 10 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 323 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 108 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 108 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	(

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		١	lationwide		Statewide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 107 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	100% of 259 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	99% of 177 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%

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Symbol Key

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- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- **3.** The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- 8. The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
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National Quality Improvement Goals

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Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Measure Area

SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Explanation This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the

prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Nationwide Statew				wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 233 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 233 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

		-							
	Survey Date	Range		Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 or More			32%		
Question			E	Explanation					
How ofter with patie		communicate w	ell	Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means doctors explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect .					
Doctors "a	lways" commı	unicated well	Doctors "	"usually" communicated well			Doctors "sometimes" or "never" communicated well		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
83%	83%	81%	14%	14%	15%	3%	3%	4%	
Question			E	Explanation					
	How often did nurses communicate well with patients? Patients reported how often their nurses communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means nurses explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect .								
Nurses "al	ways" commı	inicated well	Nurses "เ	"usually" communicated well			Nurses "sometimes" or "never" communicated well		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
79%	81%	78%	18%	16%	17%	3%	3%	5%	
Question			E	Explanation					

How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff? Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the **call button** or needed help in **getting to the bathroom** or **using a bedpan**.

Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted		Patients "usually" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "sometimes" or "never" received help as soon as they wanted			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
64%	71%	66%	28%	23%	24%	8%	6%	10%

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	Survey Date	Range	Number of Completed Surveys			s Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012	300 or More			32%		
Question			E	xplanation				
How ofter controlled	n was patients ?	s' pain well		If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, the survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their pain was well controlled and that the hospital staff did everything they could to help patients with their pain.				
Pain was	s "always" we	ll controlled	Pain wa	s "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was "	sometimes" o controlled	r "never" well
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
69%	72%	70%	26%	23%	23%	5%	5%	7%
Question			_	volumetion				

Question				Explanation					
	n did staff exp ving them to p	olain about medi batients?	cines	If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told what the medicine was for and what side effects it might have before they gave it to the patient.					
Staff "always" explained			S	taff "usually" ex	plained	Staff "	sometimes" c explained		
Hospital State National Rate Average Average			Hospita Rate					National Average	
66%	67%	63%	18%	19%	18%	16%	14%	19%	

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Footnote Ke	y
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	v			L	*				
	Survey Date	Range	1	Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 or More 32%)		
Question Explanation									
How often were the patients' rooms and bathrooms kept clean? Patients reported how often their hospital room and bathroom were kept clean.									
Roor	n was "always	s" clean	Roor	m was "usuall	y" clean	Room was "sometimes" or "never" clean			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
79%	78%	73%	16%	17%	18%	5%	5%	9%	
Question Explanation									
	pt quiet at nig	a around patien ht?		quiet at nigh	rted how often t t.	ne alea alou		li was	
"Alv	ways" quiet at	night	"Us	sually" quiet a	t night	"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
72%	63%	60%	22%	30%	29%	6%	7%	11%	
Question			E	xplanation					
Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home? The survey asked patients about information they were given whether hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home . Patients also reported whether they were given written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery .									
N/s		o nationto thio i					onto thio infor		

Yes, staff	did give patients th	is information	No, staff did not give patients this information				
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
85%	87%	84%	15%	13%	16%		

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74%

74%

70%

22%

23%

25%

4%

3%

5%



Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

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	Survey Date	Range		Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 c	or More		32%	, D	
Question				Explanation					
How do p	atients rate th	e hospital over	all?	After answering all other questions on the survey, patients answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating of the hospital. Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."					
Patients w	ho gave a rati (high)	ing of 9 or 10	Patients	ts who gave a rating of 7 or 8 (medium) Patients who gave a rating lower (low)					
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
73%	74%	69%	21%	20%	23%	6%	6%	8%	
Question Explanation Would patients recommend the hospital to The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the									
friends and family? hospital to their friends and family.									
				S, patients would probably recommend the hospital the hospital (the hospital or definitely w				bly would not	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	