

Accreditation Quality Report





9200 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI



Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the
 prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of
 the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission Symbol Key

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Froedtert Memorial Lutheran Hospital

9200 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI







Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs	s Accreditation Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Surv Date	ey Last On-Site Survey Date
Home Care	Accredited	9/21/2010	9/20/2010	9/20/2010
Hospital	Accredited	9/25/2010	9/24/2010	9/24/2010

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) Hospital

Advanced Certification Programs	Certification Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Revie Date	w Last On-Site Review Date
Primary Stroke Center	Certification	6/9/2012	6/8/2012	6/8/2012
Ventricular Assist Device	Certification	8/1/2012	7/31/2012	7/31/2012
Certified Programs	Certification Decision	Effective	Last Full Revie	w Last On-Site
		Date	Date	Review Date
Epilepsy	Certification	6/8/2012	6/7/2012	6/7/2012

Special Quality Awards

2012 Silver - The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation 2011 Hospital Magnet Award 2010 Gold Plus Get With The Guidelines - Stroke

2010 Silver - The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation

2009 Silver I - The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation

2008 The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation

2007 The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

		•	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations		
		Nationwide Statewide			
Home Care	2010National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	₩ *		
Hospital	2010National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	M/A *		

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

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Summary of Quality Information

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredi Organizations	
		Nationwide	Statewide
	National Quality Improvement Goals:		
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	⊕	⊕
Oct 2011 - Sep 2012	Heart Failure Care	⊕	⊕
	Pneumonia Care	⊕	⊕
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	⊕	⊕
	Blood Vessel Surgery	Ø	Ø
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Ø	Ø
	Coronary Artery Bypass Graft	⊕	⊕
	Hip Joint Replacement	⊕	⊕
	Hysterectomy	(⊕
	Knee Replacement	⊕	⊕
	Open Heart Surgery	⊕	⊕
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location	
Locations of Care	Available Services
Froedtert and Medical College of WI W129N7055 Northfield Drive, Suite 500 Building B Menomonee Falls, WI 53051	Services: Administration of High Risk Medications (Outpatient) Anesthesia (Outpatient) Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Froedtert Hospital Center for Diagnostic Imaging 10498 N. Port Washington Rd. Mequon, WI 53092	Services: Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Froedtert Hospital Center for Diagnostic Imaging 2445 North Mayfair Road Milwaukee, WI 53226	Services: Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Froedtert Hospital Center for Diagnostic Imaging W129 N7055 Northfield Drive, Suite 101 Menomonee Falls, WI 53051	Services: Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Froedtert Hospital Center for Diagnostic Imaging 2315 East Moreland Blvd., Suite 1500 Waukesha, WI 53186	Services: Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care

Froedtert Memorial Lutheran Hospital * 9200 West Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53226

Available Services

Joint Commission Advanced Certification Programs:

- Primary Stroke Center
- Ventricular Assist Device

Joint Commission Certified Programs:

Epilepsy

Services:

- Blood Glucose Monitors (mail order)
- Blood Glucose Monitors (non-mail order)
- Brachytherapy (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Surgical Services)
- Cardiac Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Cardiothoracic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Cardiovascular Unit (Inpatient)
- Coronary Care Unit (Inpatient)
- CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Dialysis Unit (Inpatient)
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services)
- EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Gastroenterology (Surgical Services)
- GI or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Gynecological Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Gynecology (Inpatient)
- Hematology/Oncology Unit (Inpatient)
- Interventional Radiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Labor & Delivery (Inpatient)
- Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient)

- Medical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)
- Neuro/Spine ICU (Intensive Care Unit)
- Neuro/Spine Unit (Inpatient)
- Neurosurgery (Surgical Services)
- Normal Newborn Nursery (Inpatient)
- Nuclear Medicine (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Orthopedic/Spine Unit (Inpatient)
- Plastic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient)
- Radiation Oncology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Sleep Laboratory (Sleep Laboratory)
- Supplies
- Surgical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)
- Surgical Unit (Inpatient)
- Thoracic Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Transplant Surgery (Surgical Services)
- Ultrasound (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)
- Urology (Surgical Services)
- Vascular Surgery (Surgical Services)

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
Greenfield highlands 4455 S 108th Street, Suite 140 Greenfield, WI 53228-2504	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Plastic Surgery Clinic 8700 W. Watertown Plank Rd. Milwaukee, WI 53226	Services: Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)

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2010 National Patient Safety Goals

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The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Home Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	Ø
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	Ø
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implementing a Fall Reduction Program	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Risks Associated with Home Oxygen	Ø

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Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	Ø
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	Ø
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	Ø Ø Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	Ø
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	Ø
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	8 8 8 8
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	Ø
	Marking the Procedure Site	Ø
	Performing a Time-Out	Ø

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission	
		Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	⊕	⊕

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
	-		Nationwide	•		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 24 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	96%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 244 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 229 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Heart Attack Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus \oplus overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.

		Соі	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		on
			Nationwide	cu Organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	100% of 223 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Primary PCI received within 90 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patient with a clogged artery in the heart that is opened with a balloon therapy called PCI within 90 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients had a clogged artery in the heart opened with a balloon therapy called PCI to increase blood flow to the heart and reduce heart damage. Lack of blood supply to heart muscle can cause lasting heart damage. In certain types of heart attacks, a small balloon is threaded into a blood vessel in the heart to open up a clogged artery that keeps the blood from flowing to the heart muscle. It is important that this therapy be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	100% of 29 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	94%
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	100% of 225 eligible Patlents	100%	98%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission	
		Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	⊕	⊕

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 104 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	96%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	98% of 254 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	93%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 310 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%



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Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Commission **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Pneumonia Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus **(** overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.

		Cor	npared to c	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	lationwide			wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	99% of 186 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	100% of 56 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	99%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the	100% of 65 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	97%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide SCIP - Cardiac

This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.

		Cor	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	99% of 268 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the **(** \oplus Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Cor	mpared to d	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		N	Nationwide	ou Organiz	State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 468 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	98% of 469 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Measure Area

Prevention

SCIP - Infection

Org ID: 7718

Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Accredited Organizations Nationwide Statewide Explanation This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus \oplus overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

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		Cor	npared to o	otner Joint ed Organiz		on
		N	Nationwide	ou organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital		_	Top 10%	_
		Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 449 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	90% of 91 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	96%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	97% of 31 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	81% of 31 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	98%

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9200 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI

Org ID: 7718







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint Commission

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				Accr	edited Org	anizations	
Measure Area		Explanation		Nationwi	de	Statewide	e
	overall u	his category of evidence based measures assesses the verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection revention.		⊕		⊕	
					ed Organiz		on ewide
Measure		Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had blood v surgery and received appropriate medicine tha prevents infection (antibious and the antibiotic was sto	t otic)	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving	™ 3	100%	95%	100%	94%

Patients Having Colon/Large

within 24 hours after the

surgery ended.*

Intestine Surgery*

Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *

Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*

Colon/Large Intestine Surgery. This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest. when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.

medicine that prevents infection for

more than 24 hours after the end of

surgery is not helpful, unless there is

a specific reason (for example, fever

performance on Surgical Infection

or other signs of infection).

Overall report of hospital's

Prevention Measures for

This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.

93% of 29 eligible Patients ³	100%	95%	100%	94%
97% of 162 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%
100% of 54 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Ø				

94%

100%

96%

100%

54 eligible



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint Commission

		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕
	<u></u>		

		Cor	mpared to c	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	96% of 54 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	95%
Patients Having Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery.	100% of 232 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 79 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 79 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus \oplus Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection

preventi						
				other Joint ed Organiz	ations	
			lationwide		State	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often coronary artery bypass graft surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 74 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	99%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 227 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 76 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of	100% of 76 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \oplus \oplus Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

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		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	Average
		Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 75 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	99% of 215 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 72 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	99% of 72 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations** Statewide Nationwide

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

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		Соі	mpared to c	other Joint ed Organiz		n	
		Nationwide Statewide					
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 71 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%	
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	100% of 281 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 94 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 94 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%	



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Compared to other Joint

		Accredited (Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕
	Cor	mpared to other Jo Accredited Orga	

		Cor	npared to c Accredite	other Joint ed Organiz		n
			lationwide			wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 93 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	99%
Patients Having Open Heart Surgery other than Coronary Artery Bypass Graft*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Open Heart Surgery.	100% of 178 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 62 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 63 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Measure Area

Explanation

Nationwide

SCIP - Infection
Prevention

This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Cor	npared to c			on
		N	Accredited Organizations Nationwide State			
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	
Measure	Explanation	Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 53 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Heart surgery patients with controlled blood sugar after surgery.	This measure reports the number of heart surgery patients that had a blood sugar of less than 200 on day one and day two after surgery. Infection is lowest in both diabetic and nondiabetic patients when blood sugar is controlled immediately after surgery.	96% of 153 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	99% of 788 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	96% of 472 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	97%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2011 - September 2012

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP - Venous	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the
Thromboembolism	prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients
(VTE)	

		Cor	npared to o Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 489 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 489 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Survey Response Rate





How often did doctors communicate well

83%

81%

16%



Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range **Number of Completed Surveys** Footnote Key Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with April 2011 through March 2012 caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance. This displays less than 12 months of Question Explanation accurate data. 3. Survey results are not available for this Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with

80%

26% 300 or More

4%

3%

4%

them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means

Hospital State National Hos			ined things cle eated the patie	• •	•			
Doctors "a	ılways" commı	unicated well	Doctors "t	usually" comm	unicated well		"sometimes" ommunicated	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average

14%

15%

Question				Explanation					
How ofter with patie		communicate we	ell	them during the explained thi	rted how often to neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court	y. "Communio tened carefu	cated well" me Illy to the pat	eans nurses	
Nurses "always" communicated well			Nurses	"usually" comm	unicated well		"sometimes" ommunicated		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average				National Average	
82%	81%	78%	16%	16%	17%	2%	3%	5%	

82%	81%	78%	16%	16%	17%	2%	3%	5%			
Question	Question Explanation										
	How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff? Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the call button or needed help in getting to the bathroom or using a bedpan.										
	Patients "always" received help as Pat soon as they wanted				ived help as anted		"sometimes" elp as soon as	or "never" s they wanted			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average			
67%	71%	66%	26%	23%	24%	7%	6%	10%			

- period.
- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	26%

Question				Explanation				
How ofter controlled	n was patient 1?	s' pain well		survey asked controlled" me	eded medicine f how often their eans their pain f did everythin	pain was we was well cor	ll controlled. " ntrolled and t	Well hat the
Pain was "always" well controlled			Pain v	vas "usually" we	Il controlled	Pain was "	sometimes" c controlled	or "never" well
Hospital Rate	•		Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
74%	72%	70%	20%	23%	23%	6%	5%	7%

Question				Explanation					
How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients?				If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told what the medicine was for and what side effects it might have before they gave it to the patient.					
Staff "always" explained			St	aff "usually" ex _l	plained	Staff "	sometimes" c explained	r "never"	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
66%	67%	63%	18%	19%	18%	16%	14%	19%	

Footnote Key

- Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

9200 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI

Org ID: 7718



Question

Rate

Average

Average





Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Rate

Survey Date Range Number of Completed Surveys Survey Response Rate April 2011 through March 2012 300 or More 26%

Explanation

How often were the patients' rooms and bathrooms kept clean?					Patients reported how often their hospital room and bathroom were kept clean.					
	Room was "always" clean			Room was "usually" clean			Room was "sometimes" or "never" clean			
	Hospital	State	National	Hospita	I State	National	Hospital	State	National	

Average

Average

72%	78%	73%	20%	17%	18%	8%	5%	9%
Question			E	xplanation				
	was the area	a around patien ht?		Patients repor	rted how often t	he area arou	nd their roo	m was

"Always" quiet at night			"Usually" quiet at night			"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night			
	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
	59%	63%	60%	32%	30%	29%	9%	7%	11%

Question Explanation

Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home?

The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home. Patients also reported whether they were given written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery.

Rate

Average

Average

Yes, staff	did give patients th	s information	No, staff did not give patients this information				
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
87%	87%	84%	13%	13%	16%		

period. 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

performance.

accurate data.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Footnote Key

Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with

caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital

This displays less than 12 months of

Survey results are not available for this

9200 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate		
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	26%		

Question				Explanation						
How do patients rate the hospital overall?				After answering all other questions on the survey, patients answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating of the hospital. Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."						
Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10 P (high)			Patient	Patients who gave a rating of 7 or 8 (medium)			Patients who gave a rating of 6 or lower (low)			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
79%	74%	69%	17%	20%	23%	4%	6%	8%		

Question				Explanation					
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?				The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the hospital to their friends and family.					
YES, patients would definitely recommend the hospital				YES, patients would probably recommend the hospital			NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
83%	74%	70%	15%	23%	25%	2%	3%	5%	

Footnote Key

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- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.