

Accreditation Quality Report









Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

W180 N8085 Town Hall Road, Menomonee Falls, WI



Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Surve Date	y Last On-Site Survey Date
🥝 Hospital	Accredited	8/21/2010	8/20/2010	8/20/2010
Pathology and Clinical Laboratory	Accredited	4/23/2009	3/22/2011	3/22/2011

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Pathology and Clinical Laboratory

Hospital

Advanced Certification	Certification Decision	Effective	Last Full Review	v Last On-Site
Programs		Date	Date	Review Date
openation Primary Stroke Center	Certification	12/11/2009	12/10/2009	12/10/2009

		Compared to other Joint Organiz	
		Nationwide	Statewide
Hospital	2007National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	*

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.



The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

Symbol Key

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0	This organization achieved the best possible results.
Ð	This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
Ø	This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
Θ	This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
•••	This Measure is not applicable for this organization.
NO	Not displayed

Footnote Key

1.	The Measure or Measure Set was not
	reported.

- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- 3. The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- 6. The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
 The measure results are temporarily 10.
- **9.** The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.

For further information and explanation of the

Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Community Memorial Hospital of Menomonee Falls, Inc.

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Summary of Quality Information

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This organization's performance is		National Quality Improvement Goals:		
similar to the target range/value.	Reporting	Heart Attack Care	Optimization (Contraction)	\oplus
below the target range/value. This Measure is not applicable for this organization.	Period: Oct 2009 - Sep 2010	Heart Failure Care	Ø	Ø
Not displayed		Pneumonia Care	${\mathfrak O}$	\bigotimes
		Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
Footnote Key 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.		SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	Ð	Ð
2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.		Blood Vessel Surgery	Ø	\bigcirc
3. The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.		Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Θ	Θ
4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.		Coronary Artery Bypass Graft	\bigotimes	${igodot}$
5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.		Hip Joint Replacement	Ø	Ø
6. The Measure results are not statistically		Hysterectomy	${old O}$	${\mathfrak O}$
valid.7. The Measure results are based on a		Knee Replacement	${igodot}$	${ { $
sample of patients.8. The number of months with Measure		Open Heart Surgery	${old O}$	Ø
data is below the reporting requirement.		SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		
9. The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.	Pathology and Clinical	2007National Patient Safety Goals	\bigotimes	∞ *
	Laboratory			

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Quality Check[®]

Community Memorial Hospital of Menomonee Falls, Inc.

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
CMH Rehabilitation and	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)
Sports Medicine	
Program	
W129 N7055 Northfield	
Drive, Bldg B	
Menomonee Falls,	
WI 53051	

W180 N8085 Town Hall Road, Menomonee Falls, WI



Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services		
Community Memorial Hospital of Menomonee	Joint Commission Advanced Certification Programs: Primary Stroke Center 		
Community Memorial	Joint Commission Advanced (Primary Stroke Center Services: Addiction Care (Outpatient) Alcohol & Drug Rehabilitation (Outpatient) Allergy (Outpatient, Outpatient) Behavioral Health (24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization - Adult) Cancer Center/Oncology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Unit/Cardiology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Dentistry (Outpatient) Dentistry (Outpatient) EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Electroconvulsive Therapy (Inpatient, Outpatient) Emergency Room (Outpatient) Endocrinology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Gastroenterology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Gastroente	 Certification Programs: Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Inpatient, Outpatient) Medical Detoxification (Inpatient) Mental Health (Inpatient, Outpatient, 24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization) Nephrology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Neurology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Neurosurgery (Inpatient) Nuclear Medicine (Inpatient, Outpatient) Nursery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Obstetrics (Inpatient, Outpatient) Obstetrics (Inpatient, Outpatient) Obstetrics (Inpatient, Outpatient) Occupational Health (Outpatient) Operating Room (Inpatient, Outpatient) Operating Room (Inpatient, Outpatient) Ophthalmology/Eye Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Oral Maxillofacial Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Ortolaryngology/Ear, Nose, and Throat (Inpatient, Outpatient, Outpatient) Otolaryngology/Ear, Nose, and Throat (Inpatient, Outpatient) Outpatient Surgery (Outpatient) Pain Management (Inpatient, Outpatient) Plastic Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Plastic Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Plastic Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Podiatry (Inpatient, Outpatient) Podiatry (Inpatient, Outpatient) Podiatry (Inpatient, Outpatient) Podiatry (Inpatient, Outpatient) Pulmonary Function Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) 	
	 Outpatient) Family Practice (Inpatient, Outpatient) Gastroenterology (Inpatient, Outpatient) General Laboratory Tests 	Outpatient) Pediatric Care (Inpatient, Outpatient) Plastic Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Podiatry (Inpatient, Outpatient) 	
	(Inpatient, Outpatient)General Surgery (Inpatient,	(PACU) (Inpatient, Outpatient)Pulmonary Function Lab	
	 Henatology/blood Heatment (Inpatient) Imaging/Radiology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Infectious Diseases (Inpatient, Outpatient) Infusion Therapy (Inpatient, Outpatient) 	 Respiratory Care (Ventilator) (Inpatient) Rheumatology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Sleep Center (Outpatient) Telemetry (Inpatient) 	

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Locations of Care

Locations of Care	Available Services
	 Inpatient Intake (Inpatient) Intensive Care Unit (Inpatient) Internal Medicine (Inpatient, Outpatient) Labor & Delivery (Inpatient) Lithotripsy/Kidney Stone Treatment (Inpatient, Outpatient) Uitrasound (Inpatient, Outpatient) Urgent Care/Emergency Medicine (Outpatient) Urology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Urology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Wound Care (Inpatient, Outpatient)
Community Memorial Medical Commons W129 N7055 Northfield Drive, Building A Menomonee Falls, WI 53051	 Cardiac Rehabilitation (Outpatient) General Outpatient Services (Outpatient) Health and Wellness (Outpatient) Sleeping Disorder (Outpatient) Sports Medicine (Outpatient)
Rehab and Sports Medicine Center N112 W15415 Mequon Road Germantown, WI 53022	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)

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2007 National Patient Safety Goals

Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use at least two patient identifiers when providing care, treatment or services.	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	For verbal or telephone orders or for telephonic reporting of critical test results, verify the complete order or test result by having the person receiving the information record and "read-back" the complete order or test result.	
	Standardize a list of abbreviations, acronyms, symbols, and dose designations that are not to be used throughout the organization.	Ø
	Measure, assess, and if appropriate, take action to improve the timeliness of reporting, and the timeliness of receipt by the responsible licensed caregiver, of critical test results and values.	Ø
	Implement a standardized approach to "hand off" communications, including an opportunity to ask and respond to questions.	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Standardize and limit the number of drug concentrations used by the organization.	Ø
	Identify and, at a minimum, annually review a list of look-alike/sound-alike drugs used by the organization, and take action to prevent errors involving the interchange of these drugs.	Ø
	Label all medications, medication containers (for example, syringes, medicine cups, basins), or other solutions on and off the sterile field.	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Comply with current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) hand hygiene guidelines.	Ø
	Manage as sentinel events all identified cases of unanticipated death or major permanent loss of function associated with a health care-associated infection.	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	There is a process for comparing the patient's current medications with those ordered for the patient while under the care of the organization.	Ø
	A complete list of the patient's medications is communicated to the next provider of service when a patient is referred or transferred to another setting, service, practitioner or level of care within or outside the organization. The complete list of medications is also provided to the patient on discharge from the organization.	Ø
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implement a fall reduction program including an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program.	Ø
Encourage patients' active involvement in their own care as a patient safety strategy.	Define and communicate the means for patients and their families to report concerns about safety and encourage them to do so.	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	The organization identifies patients at risk for suicide. Note: This requirement only applies to psychiatric hospitals and patients being treated for emotional or behavioral disorders in general hospitals.	Ø

Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal. The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal. The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

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2007 National Patient Safety Goals

Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Universal Protocol	Conduct a pre-operative verification process.	\bigotimes
	Mark the operative site.	\bigotimes
	Conduct a "time out" immediately before starting the procedure.	\bigotimes

Symbol Key

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	
		Accredited O	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	Ð	Ð

		Cor	npared to c Accredite	other Joint ed Organiz		n
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Iationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	wide Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	96% of 24 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	97%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart attack patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart attack patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 31 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	99%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	98% of 132 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%



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	overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack patients.	(AMI)	Ð		Ð	
		Со	mpared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz	zations	
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	98% of 137 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Beta blocker prescribed a discharge*	At Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	97% of 130 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Primary PCI received wit minutes of hospital arriva		89% of 27 eligible Patients ³	100%	91%	100%	89%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	
		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø

		Cor	npared to c Accredite	other Joint ed Organiz		on
			lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 67 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart failure patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart failure patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	96% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	99%	100%	97%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	83% of 137 eligible Patients	100%	90%	99%	87%

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Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		٩	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	99% of 193 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

			to other Joint nission
		Accredited (Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	\bigotimes	Ø

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			n	
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital	Vationwide	Average	State	ewide
ivicasui e	Explanation	Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Pneumonia patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult pneumonia patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	96% of 46 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	96%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	99% of 200 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	92% of 38 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%



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Not displayed	Measure Area	Explanation		Nationwi	de	Statewide	e
		tegory of evidence based measures ass quality of care provided to Pneumonia p		\bigotimes		\bigotimes	
Footnote Key			Co	mpared to c	ther loint	Commissio	n
• The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.					ed Organiz	ations	wide
The Measure Set does not have an overall result.	Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored	
• The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.			Results	at Least:	Nate.	at Least:	Trate.
 The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically valid. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients. 	Initial antibiotic received within 6 hours of hospital arrival*	Pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. This measure reports the percent of adult pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	97% of 209 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	98%
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	Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	98% of 121 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%



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Pneumonia Care		egory of evidence based measures ass juality of care provided to Pneumonia p		Ø	Ø			
				mpared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations Nationwide Statewic				
Measure		Explanation	Hospital	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10%	Avera	
Pneumococcal vaccinat	ion*	Pneumonia vaccination. This measure reports how many patients 65 years and older were screened and vaccinated to prevent pneumonia.	90% of 220 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	94%	

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Symbol Key

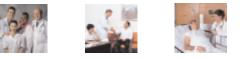
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- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
Measure Area	Explanation		Nationwi	Ŭ	Statewid	е
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures as overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia p		Ø		\bigotimes	
			mpared to c Accredite Jationwide	ed Organiz	ations	on ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:		Aver Rat
neumonia Seasonal Me eporting Period: Octobe						
Influenza vaccination	Pneumonia patients in the hospital during flu season (October through March) who were given the influenza vaccination prior to leaving the hospital. This measure reports how often pneumonia patients in the hospital during the flu season were given flu vaccine if needed, prior to	89% of 135 eligible Patients	100%	92%	100%	93'

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

			o other Joint hission
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	85% of 186 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	93%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð	

		Со	mpared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	92% of 445 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	96% of 451 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	o other Joint hission
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
	Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Iationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	wide Average Rate:
),	Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	95% of 439 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%
	Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	96% of 96 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	94%
	Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	94% of 31 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
	Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	97% of 34 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	o other Joint hission
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewid
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				'n
Measure	Exploration		lationwide	Average	State	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	97% of 31 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	91%	100%	89%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	82% of 151 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	92%	100%	93%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	84% of 51 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	94%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	82% of 51 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	91%	100%	93%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	
		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	(

	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					n	
			Ν	lationwide	ou organiz		wide
	Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
10.	Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	80% of 49 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	90%	100%	90%
	Patients Having Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery.	96% of 194 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
	Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	94% of 64 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%
	Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 66 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	
		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

			Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n
	Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
artery by and rece medicine infection antibiotic	who had coronary pass graft surgery ived appropriate that prevents (antibiotic) and the was stopped within after the surgery	This measure reports how often coronary artery bypass graft surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 64 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%
	Having Hip Joint ment Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	97% of 252 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	99%	98%
replacem received infection	having hip joint nent surgery who medicine to prevent (an antibiotic) within before the skin was y cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	93% of 84 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
replacem received medicine	having hip joint nent surgery who the appropriate (antibiotic) which is be effective for this urgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 84 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	100%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide SCIP - Infection Prevention This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention. Image: Comparison of the statewide Image: Comparison of the statewide				o other Joint hission
SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection			Accredited C	Organizations
Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection	Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
		overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection	Ð	Ð

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations		n		
			Ν	lationwide	Ŭ	State	wide
	Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
) .	Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 84 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%
	Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	96% of 255 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
	Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	98% of 85 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
	Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	93% of 85 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	93%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

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		Compared to Comm	
		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	œ

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			'n	
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	96% of 85 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	97%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	96% of 265 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	89% of 88 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 89 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	100%



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Measure Area Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			n				
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	Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
10.	Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	00% of 88 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	97%
	Patients Having Open Heart Surgery other than Coronary Artery Bypass Graft*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Open Heart Surgery.	96% of 122 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	97%
	Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	95% of 42 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
	Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 42 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.

The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically

The Measure results are based on a

The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.

The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality **Report User Guide.''**

10.

The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.

The Measure Set does not have an

Community Memorial Hospital of Menomonee Falls, Inc.

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

		Compared to Comm	o other Joint hission
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			n	
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital	lationwide Top 10%	Average	State Top 10%	
		Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
Patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	92% of 38 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	95%
Heart surgery patients with controlled blood sugar after surgery.	This measure reports the number of heart surgery patients that had a blood sugar of less than 200 on day one and day two after surgery. Infection is lowest in both diabetic and nondiabetic patients when blood sugar is controlled immediately after surgery.	91% of 114 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	94%	98%	93%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	99% of 634 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	74% of 306 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	90%	98%	91%



The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Symbol Key

This organization achieved the best possible results
 This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
 Not displayed

Footnote Key

- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- **3.** The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
 The measure results are temporarily 10.
- suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Reporting Period: October 2009 - September 2010

Measure Area

SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)

Explanation

This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
			lationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	91% of 209 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	99%	94%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	90% of 209 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	93%	98%	93%

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov

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CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009 Last Updated: December 11, 2010

	The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Attack = 16%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Attack = 14.9%		~						
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 222							
*	95 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	1	45 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	1685 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							
Out of 119 hospitals in Wisconsin	4 hospitals in Wisconsin Better than U.S. National Rate	60 hospitals in Wisconsin No different than U.S. National Rate	1 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	54 hospitals in Wisconsin did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							

	The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Failure = 11%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Failure = 10.4%		~						
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 354							
Out of 4743 hospitals in U.S.	199 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	3801 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	140 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	603 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							
Out of 121 hospitals in Wisconsin	4 hospitals in Wisconsin Better than U.S. National Rate	*	5 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	7 hospitals in Wisconsin did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							

The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Pneumonia = 12%								
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Pneumonia = 11%		 ✓ 						
Number of Medicare Pneumonia P	atients = 351	·						

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CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009 Last Updated: December 11, 2010 221 hospitals in the U.S. Worse Out of 4788 hospitals in U.S. 222 hospitals in the U.S. Better 3988 hospitals in the U.S. No than U.S. National Rate different than U.S. National Rate than U.S. National Rate 357 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing Out of 121 hospitals in Wisconsin 1 hospitals in Wisconsin Better 113 hospitals in Wisconsin No 4 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate different than U.S. National Rate than U.S. National Rate 3 hospitals in Wisconsin did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2006 through June 2009. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Risk Adjusted Mortality measures please see user guides.

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CMS Readmission Rates

Hospital

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009 Last Updated: December 11, 2010

The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Heart Attack Patients = 20%								
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Attack Patients = 21.7%		1						
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 212							
Out of 4476 hospitals in U.S.	29 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	1	45 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	1999 hospitals in the United States performing	did not have enough cases to reliab	bly tell how well they are					
Out of 117 hospitals in Wisconsin	0 hospitals in Wisconsin Better than U.S. National Rate		0 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	59 hospitals in Wisconsin did not h	nave enough cases to reliably tell ho	w well they are performing					

The	U.S. National Rate for Readmiss	ions for Heart Failure Patients = 2	25%
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Failure Patients = 22.8%		1	
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 409		
Out of 4759 hospitals in U.S.	147 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	3869 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	193 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate
	550 hospitals in the United States of performing	did not have enough cases to reliabl	y tell how well they are
Out of 121 hospitals in Wisconsin	3 hospitals in Wisconsin Better than U.S. National Rate	112 hospitals in Wisconsin No different than U.S. National Rate	0 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate
	6 hospitals in Wisconsin did not ha	we enough cases to reliably tell how	w well they are performing

The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Pneumonia Patients = 18%								
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Pneumonia Patients = 18.2%		1						

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CMS Readmission Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009 Last Updated: December 11, 2010

Number of Medicare Pneumonia Patients = 364							
*	1						
	363 hospitals in the United States of performing	lid not have enough cases to reliabl	y tell how well they are				
Out of 121 hospitals in Wisconsin	1	116 hospitals in Wisconsin No different than U.S. National Rate	1 hospitals in Wisconsin Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	3 hospitals in Wisconsin did not ha	we enough cases to reliably tell how	well they are performing				

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2006 through June 2009. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Readmission Rates please see user guides.

Symbol Key

This organization achieved the best possible results
 This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
 Not displayed

Footnote Key

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 The Measure results are not statistically
- 7. The Measure results are based on a
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
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 The measure results are temporarily.
- The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Footnote	Key
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- Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Survey Date	Range	l	Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2009 through	March 2010		300 or More			48%		
Question Explanation									
How often did doctors communicate well with patients? Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means doctors explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect .									
Doctors "a	lways" commi	unicated well	Doctors "ເ	usually" comm	unicated well		"sometimes" ommunicated		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
81%	82%	80%	15%	15%	15%	4%	3%	5%	
Question									
Question			E	xplanation					
		ommunicate w	ell	Patients repor them during th explained thi	ted how often their hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court	y. "Communio tened caref u	cated well" me ully to the pat	eans nurses	
How ofter with patie			əll	Patients repor them during th explained thi	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court	y. "Communio tened carefu esy and resp Nurses	cated well" me ully to the pat	eans nurses ient, and or "never"	
with patie	nts?		əll	Patients repor them during th explained thi treated the pa	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court	y. "Communio tened carefu esy and resp Nurses	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes"	eans nurses ient, and or "never"	
How ofter with patie Nurses "al Hospital	nts? ways" commu State	unicated well National	ell Nurses "u Hospital	Patients repor them during th explained thi treated the pa isually" commu State	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court unicated well National	y. "Communion tened carefu esy and resp Nurses co Hospital	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National	
How ofter with patie Nurses "al Hospital Rate	nts? ways" commu State Average	unicated well National Average	ell Nurses "u Hospital Rate 20%	Patients repor them during th explained thi treated the pa isually" commu State Average 18%	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court unicated well National Average	y. "Communion tened carefu esy and resp Nurses co Hospital Rate	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average	
How ofter with patie Nurses "al Hospital Rate 77% Question	nts? ways" commu State Average 79%	unicated well National Average	ell Nurses "u Hospital Rate 20%	Patients repor them during tr explained thi treated the pa isually" communication State Average 18% xplanation Patients repor	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court unicated well National Average 19% ted how often ti button or need	y. "Communie tened carefu esy and resp Nurses co Hospital Rate 3%	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average 3%	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average 5% hen they	
How ofter with patie Nurses "al Hospital Rate 77% Question How ofter from hosp Patients "	nts? ways" commu State Average 79%	unicated well National Average 76% receive help qu ved help as	ell Nurses "u Hospital Rate 20% E tickly	Patients repor them during th explained thi treated the pa isually" communication State Average 18% xplanation Patients repor used the call	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court unicated well National Average 19% ted how often th button or need dpan. ived help as	y. "Communitiened carefu esy and resp Nurses Control Hospital Rate 3% hey were help ed help in ge Patients	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average 3%	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average 5% athroom or "never"	
How ofter with patie Nurses "al Hospital Rate 77% Question How ofter from hosp Patients "	nts? ways" commu State Average 79% n did patients pital staff? always" recei	unicated well National Average 76% receive help qu ved help as	ell Nurses "u Hospital Rate 20% E tickly	Patients repor them during th explained thi treated the pa isually" communication State Average 18% xplanation Patients repor used the call or used the call or using a be	neir hospital sta ngs clearly, lis tient with court unicated well National Average 19% ted how often th button or need dpan. ived help as	y. "Communitiened carefu esy and resp Nurses Control Hospital Rate 3% hey were help ed help in ge Patients	cated well" me ully to the pati pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average 3% ped quickly w tting to the b	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average 5% been they wathroom or "never"	

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Survey Date	Range		Number of Co	mpleted Survey	'S	Survey Resp	onse Rate
April	2009 through	March 2010		300 or More				, 0
Question How ofter controlled	n was patients ?	s' pain well		survey asked controlled" me	eded medicine f how often their eans their pain f did everythin	pain was we was well col	ll controlled. " ntrolled and t	Well hat the
Pain was	s "always" wel	l controlled	Pain wa	as "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was "	sometimes" o controlled	r "never" well
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
70% 70% 69% 23%				25%	24%	7%	5%	7%
Question			l	Explanation				

How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients?

If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told **what the medicine was for** and what **side effects it might have** before they gave it to the patient.

Staff "always" explained			Staff "usually" explained			Staff "sometimes" or "never" explained		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
60%	64%	60%	21%	20%	18%	19%	16%	22%

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86%

86%

81%

14%



Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

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	•			•		1			
	Survey Date	Range		Number	of Cor	npleted Survey	S	Survey Resp	onse Rate
April :		300 o	r More		48%	, D			
Question Explanation									
How often were the patients' rooms and bathrooms kept clean? Patients reported how often their hospital room and bathroom were kept clean.								athroom	
Room	n was "always	s" clean	R	oom was "u	sually	" clean	Room wa	as "sometimes clean	s" or "never"
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate			National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
71%	77%	71%	23%	17%	, o	20%	6%	6%	9%
Question				Explanatio	'n				
	n was the area ot quiet at nig	a around patien ht?	ts'	Patients quiet at		ted how often t	he area arou	und their roo	m was
"Alv	vays" quiet at	: night		"Usually" quiet at night "Sometimes" or "never" quiet at					quiet at night
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate			National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
56%	60%	58%	33%	31%	ó	30%	11%	9%	12%
Question				Explanatio	'n				
Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home? The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home. Patients also reported whether they were given written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery.									
Yes, staff did give patients this information						No, staff did	not give pati	ents this infor	mation
Hospital Rate State Average National Average				Average	Но	spital Rate	State Avera	ige Natio	onal Average

14%

19%

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

F	DO 1	tno	te	Key	V

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

	Survey Date	Range	٦	Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2009 through	March 2010		300 or More 48%			6		
Question			E	xplanation					
How do p	atients rate th	ne hospital over	all?	answered a s of the hospita	ng all other que: separate quest al. Ratings were hospital possib	i on that ask e e on a scale f	ed for an over	erall rating where "0"	
Patients w	ho gave a rat (high)	ing of 9 or 10	Patients v	ts who gave a rating of 7 or 8 (medium) lower (low)					
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
72%	71%	67%	22%	22%	24%	6%	7%	9%	
Question			Đ	xplanation					
Would pa friends ar		nend the hospit			sked patients w l eir friends and f		would recom	mend the	
				patients would ommend the h		the hospita		recommend bly would not ecommend it)	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
76%	72%	69%	20%	25%	26%	4%	3%	5%	

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2007 National Patient Safety Goals

Pathology and Clinical Laboratory

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use at least two patient identifiers when providing care, treatment or services.	Ø
	Prior to the start of any invasive procedure, conduct a final verification process, (such as a "time out,") to confirm the correct patient, procedure and site using active—not passive—communication techniques.	(19)
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	For verbal or telephone orders or for telephonic reporting of critical test results, verify the complete order or test result by having the person receiving the information record and "read-back" the complete order or test result.	Ø
	Standardize a list of abbreviations, acronyms, symbols, and dose designations that are not to be used throughout the organization.	Ø
	Measure, assess and, if appropriate, take action to improve the timeliness of reporting, and the timeliness of receipt by the responsible licensed caregiver, of critical test results and values.	Ø
	Implement a standardized approach to "hand off" communications, including an opportunity to ask and respond to questions.	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections	Comply with current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) hand hygiene guidelines.	Ø
	Manage as sentinel events all identified cases of unanticipated death or major permanent loss of function associated with a health care-associated infection.	
Encourage patients' active involvement in their own care as a patient safety strategy.	Define and communicate the means for patients and their families to report concerns about safety and encourage them to do so.	Ø

Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The Goal is not applicable for this organization.