Quality Check®

St. Anthony's Hospital
1200 Seventh Avenue North, Saint Petersburg, FL Org ID: 6915

Accreditation Quality Report



The Joint Commission

Version: 9
Date: 5/12/2014



Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals - safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals - measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.



Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH
President of the Joint Commission





Summary of Quality Information

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Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Survey Date	Last On-Site Survey Date
Hospital	Accredited	3/25/2011	3/7/2014	4/15/2014

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Hospital

Advanced Certification Programs	Certification Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Review Date	Last On-Site Review Date
Inpatient Diabetes	Certification	10/12/2013	10/11/2013	10/11/2013
Primary Stroke Center	Certification	1/8/2014	1/7/2014	1/7/2014

Other Accredited Programs/Services

• Hospital (Accredited by American College of Surgeons-Commission on Cancer (ACoS-COC))

Special Quality Awards

2010 Gold Plus Get With The Guidelines - Stroke

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
		Nationwide	Statewide
Hospital	**2014National Patient Safety Goals**	✓	N/A *

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Reporting Period: Oct 2012 - Sep 2013

	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
	Nationwide	Statewide
National Quality Improvement Goals:		
Heart Attack Care	⊕	⊕
Heart Failure Care	⊕	⊕
Pneumonia Care	⊕	⊕
Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention *For All Reported Procedures:*	⊕	⊕
• Blood Vessel Surgery	⊕	⊕
• Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	✓	✓
• Hip Joint Replacement	⊕	⊕
• Hysterectomy	⊕	⊕
• Knee Replacement	⊕	⊕
SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
Carillon Outpatient Center 900 Carillon Parkway Saint Petersburg, FL 33716	**Other Clinics/Practices located at this site:** • Carillon Imaging and Carillon OP Rhab **Services:** • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
St. Anthony's Cancer Center 1201 Fifth Avenue North, Suite 130 Saint Petersburg, FL 33705	**Services:** • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
St. Anthony's Hospital * DBA: St. Anthony's Hospital 1200 Seventh Avenue North Saint Petersburg, FL 33705	**Joint Commission Advanced Certification Programs:** • Inpatient Diabetes • Primary Stroke Center **Services:** • Behavioral Health (24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization - Adult) • Brachytherapy (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Surgical Services) • Coronary Care Unit (Inpatient) • CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Dialysis Unit (Inpatient) • Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services) • EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Family Support (Non 24 Hour Care) • Gastroenterology (Surgical Services) • GI or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Gynecological Surgery (Surgical Services) • Hematology/Oncology Unit (Inpatient) • Interventional Radiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient) • Neuro/Spine Unit (Inpatient) • Neurosurgery (Surgical Services) • Nuclear Medicine (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Ophthalmology (Surgical Services) • Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services) • Orthopedic/Spine Unit (Inpatient) • Plastic Surgery (Surgical Services) • Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient) • Radiation Oncology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Sleep Laboratory (Sleep Laboratory) • Surgical ICU (Intensive Care Unit) • Surgical Unit (Inpatient) • Teleradiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Thoracic Surgery (Surgical Services) • Ultrasound (Imaging/Diagnostic Services) • Urology (Surgical Services) • Vascular Surgery (Surgical Services)
St. Anthony's Professional Building 1201 5th Avenue North Saint Petersburg, FL 33705	**Services:** • Anesthesia (Outpatient) • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) • Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
St. Anthony's Resource Center 500 9th Street North Saint Petersburg, FL 33705	**Services:** • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)

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2014 National Patient Safety Goals

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Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	✓
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	✓
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	✓
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	✓
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	✓
	Reconciling Medication Information	✓
Use Alarms Safely	Use Alarms Safely on Medical Equipment	✓
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	✓
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	✓
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	✓
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	✓
	Preventing Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection	✓
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	✓
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	✓
	Marking the Procedure Site	✓
	Performing a Time-Out	✓

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Reporting Period: October 2012 - September 2013

Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.*	★ 100% of 27 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.*	⊕ 99% of 243 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.*	★ 100% of 202 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide Hospital Results	Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at least:	Statewide Average Rate:
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.*	⊕ 99% of 208 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Fibrinolytic therapy received within 30 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patients who receive a medicine that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy) within 30 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients were given a medication that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy). Breaking up blood clots increases blood flow to the heart. If blood flow is returned to the heart muscle quickly during a heart attack, the risk of death is decreased. The medicine that breaks up clots in the arteries and allows the return of normal blood flow is called fibrinolytic therapy and is used in certain types of heart attacks. It is important that this medicine be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.*	N/D [3] ---	100%	58%	----[3]	----[3]

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Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
Primary PCI received within 90 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patient with a clogged artery in the heart that is opened with a balloon therapy called PCI within 90 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients had a clogged artery in the heart opened with a balloon therapy called PCI to increase blood flow to the heart and reduce heart damage. Lack of blood supply to heart muscle can cause lasting heart damage. In certain types of heart attacks, a small balloon is threaded into a blood vessel in the heart to open up a clogged artery that keeps the blood from flowing to the heart muscle. It is important that this therapy be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.*	✓ 97% of 32 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	96%
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	⊕ 99% of 204 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.*	⊕ 99% of 112 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.*	⊖ 92% of 284 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.*	★ 100% of 375 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.*	⊕ 99% of 325 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	★ 100% of 98 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – ICU patient*	Patients in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients in intensive care units with community-acquired pneumonia were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.*	N/D[8] 94% of 16 eligible Patients[3]	100%	92%	100%	97%

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Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide Hospital Results	Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide Average Rate:
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.*	✓ 98% of 124 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Statewide
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.		

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	98% of 230 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide		Statewide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	⊕ 99% of 514 eligible Patients[7]	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	⊕ 99% of 513 eligible Patients[7]	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Reporting Period: October 2012 - September 2013

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
			Nationwide		Statewide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	⊕ 98% of 496 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	⊕ 100% of 135 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.*	★ 100% of 46 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.*	★ 100% of 46 eligible Patients[7]	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).*	★ 100% of 43 eligible Patients[7]	100%	96%	100%	97%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	✓ 97% of 149 eligible Patients[7]	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.*	✓ 98% of 51 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	99%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.*	✓ 94% of 50 eligible Patients[7]	100%	96%	100%	96%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide Average Rate:
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).*	★ 100% of 48 eligible Patients[7]	100%	96%	100%	97%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	⊕ 99% of 475 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.*	⊕ 99% of 161 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.*	★ 100% of 161 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).*	✓ 97% of 153 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	⊕ 100% of 42 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.*	★ 100% of 14 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.*	★ 100% of 14 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Nationwide: Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide: Average Rate:	Statewide: Top 10% Scored at least:	Statewide: Average Rate:
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).*	★ 100% of 14 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	⊕ 99% of 722 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.*	★ 100% of 242 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.*	★ 100% of 242 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%

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Measure Area	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	⊕	⊕

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations: Nationwide Hospital Results	Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Nationwide Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Statewide Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).*	⊕ 97% of 238 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	★ 100% of 707 eligible Patients[7]	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	⊕ 98% of 489 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%

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Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
			Nationwide		Statewide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.*	99% of 590 eligible Patients[7]	100%	98%	100%	98%

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