

# Accreditation Quality Report







Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

#### Northern Hospital District of Surry County 830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC



# Summary of Quality Information

1	Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective	Last Full Survey	Last On-Site
			Date	Date	Survey Date
	Laboratory Accreditation Program	Accredited	8/12/2011	8/11/2011	8/11/2011
	📀 Hospital	Accredited	6/25/2011	6/24/2011	6/24/2011

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Pathology and Clinical Laboratory

Hospital

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredite Organizations		
		Nationwide	Statewide	
Laboratory Accreditatio n Program	2011National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	<b>*</b>	
Hospital	2011National Patient Safety Goals	$\bigcirc$	··· *	
	National Quality Improvement Goals:			
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	${ rac{ { itom{ } } { } { } { } { } { } { } { } { } {$	Ø	
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	Heart Failure Care	${ {                                  $	${ {                                  $	
	Pneumonia Care	${ {                                  $	${ {                                  $	
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)			
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	<b>(</b>	<b>(</b>	
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	${ rac{ }{ } }$	$\oslash$	
	Hip Joint Replacement	$\oplus$	$\oplus$	
	Hysterectomy	Ø	Ø	
	Knee Replacement	Ð	Ð	
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)			

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

#### Symbol Key

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# **Locations of Care**

Locations of Care	Available Services
Blue Ridge Bone and Joint Center 314 S. South Street Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Mount Airy OB/GYN Center 510 S. South Street Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Northern Hospital District of Surry County * 830 Rockford Street Mount Airy, NC 27030	<ul> <li>Services:</li> <li>CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Gastroenterology (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Gastroenterology (Surgical Services)</li> <li>General Laboratory Tests</li> <li>GI or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Gonecological Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Gynecology (Inpatient)</li> <li>Labor &amp; Delivery (Inpatient)</li> <li>Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Medical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)</li> <li>Normal Newborn Nursery (Inpatient)</li> <li>Nuclear Medicine (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient)</li> <li>Sleep Laboratory (Sleep Laboratory)</li> <li>Teleradiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Toxicology</li> <li>Ultrasound (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Urology (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Urology (Surgical Services)</li> </ul>
Northern Hospital Laboratory at Majure Skin Care & Wellness 348 N South Street Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests
Northern Hospital Laboratory at Northwest Medical Partners 280 North Pointe Blvd. Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests
Northern Pediatrics 100 North Pointe Boulevard Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)



# **Locations of Care**

* Primary Location	
Locations of Care	Available Services
Northern Rehab at Blue Ridge Bone and Joint Center	Other Clinics/Practices located at this site: <ul> <li>Northern Rehab at Blue Ridge Bone and Joint Center</li> </ul>
314 S. South Street, Suite 100 Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
<b>Revival</b> 110 Dutchman's Court Elkin, NC 28621	Services: • Anesthesia (Outpatient) • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) • Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient) • Toxicology
Revival 708 S. South Street, Suite 400 Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • Anesthesia (Outpatient) • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) • Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Surry Medical Specialists 708 S South Street, Suite 200 Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Surry Surgical Associates 708 S. South Street Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) • Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)
Surry Urological Associates 423 S. South St. Mount Airy, NC 27030	Services: • General Laboratory Tests • Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient) • Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)

830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC



# **2011 National Patient Safety Goals**

### Laboratory Accreditation Program

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø

#### Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

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# **2011 National Patient Safety Goals**

## Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	$\bigcirc$
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	$\bigcirc$
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	$\bigcirc$
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	0 0 0 0
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	$\bigcirc$
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	$\bigotimes$
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	$\bigcirc$
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø     Ø     Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	$\bigotimes$
	Marking the Procedure Site	$\bigcirc$
	Performing a Time-Out	$\bigcirc$

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For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality **Report User Guide.''** 

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### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited O	rganizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 4 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 20 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	100%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	87% of 15 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	99%	100%	100%



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This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov

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### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC



## **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012 Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Explanation Statewide Heart Attack Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the $\oslash$ $\oslash$ overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients. Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations Nationwide Statewide Top 10% Measure Explanation Hospital Top 10% Average Average Results Scored Rate: Scored Rate: at Least: at Least: Beta blocker prescribed at Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker' discharge\* The organization scored above 90% but prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure The Measure results are not statistically 100% 99% 100% 99% reports what percent of heart attack 100% of patients were prescribed a special 15 eligible Patients type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage. data is below the reporting requirement. Heart attack patients who receive a Fibrinolytic therapy received within 30 minutes of hospital medicine that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy) within 30 arrival\* minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients were given a medication that breaks up blood clots There were no eligible patients that met (fibrinolytic therapy). Breaking up

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blood clots increases blood flow to the heart. If blood flow is returned to

the heart muscle quickly during a heart attack, the risk of death is

decreased. The medicine that breaks up clots in the arteries and allows the

return of normal blood flow is called

fibrinolytic therapy and is used in

certain types of heart attacks. It is important that this medicine be given

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012 Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation Heart Attack Care This category of evidence based measures assesses the $\oslash$ overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
			Ν	lationwide		State	wide
Measure		Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Primary PCI received wi minutes of hospital arriv		Heart attack patient with a clogged artery in the heart that is opened with a balloon therapy called PCI within 90 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients had a clogged artery in the heart opened with a balloon therapy called PCI to increase blood flow to the heart and reduce heart damage. Lack of blood supply to heart muscle can cause lasting heart damage. In certain types of heart attacks, a small balloon is threaded into a blood vessel in the heart to open up a clogged artery that keeps the blood from flowing to the heart muscle. It is important that this therapy be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	<b>ND</b> <sup>3</sup>	100%	95%	100%	97%
Statin Prescribed at Disc	charge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	93% of 14 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	99%

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830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC



# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

		Compared to other Joint Commission	
		Accredited C	rganizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	ewide Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 40 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	97% of 155 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	95%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 184 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	100%

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### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC



# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

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		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$

			Accredite	other Joint ed Organiz	oint Commission anizations Statewide	
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Iationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	94% of 270 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	97% of 62 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	97% of 133 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%



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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

			o other Joint hission
		Accredited C	Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	0	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	95% of 91 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%

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#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

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		Ν	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 182 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 182 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

830 Rockford Street, Mount Airy, NC

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

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- There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

		ACCI	edited Org	anizations	
Explanation		Nationwi	de	Statewide	e
verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical		Ð		Ð	
		Accredit		ations	
Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Averag Rate:
cine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would	97% of 176 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
ge Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	98% of 53 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%
vedpatients having colon/large intestineonsurgery received medicine thatourprevents infection (an antibiotic)	100% of 18 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%
	his category of evidence based measures as verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical revention. Explanation This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful. Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery. This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour	his category of evidence based measures assesses the verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection revention.	ExplanationNationwihis category of evidence based measures assesses the verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection revention.€€Explanation€ExplanationCorrected to Accredit NationwideThis measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics would be helpful.€geOverall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.€This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour100%	Explanation       Nationwide         his category of evidence based measures assesses the verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection revention.       Image: Compared to other Joint Accredited Organiz         revention.       Explanation       Compared to other Joint Accredited Organiz         Image: Compared to other Joint Accredited Organiz       Nationwide         Explanation       Hospital Results       Top 10% Average Results         and cine       Surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was ic surgery patients whose medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics would be helpful.       Image: I	his category of evidence based measures assesses the verall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection revention. Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations State Organizations State Passant State Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations State Passant State

This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery who received intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that (antibiotic) which is shown to prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.

surgery.\*

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- This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov
- Null value or data not displayed

Patients having colon/large

the appropriate medicine

be effective for this type of

95%

100%

96%

100%

<mark>100</mark>3

94% of 18 eligible

Patients<sup>3</sup>

ossible results

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updated data. 10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.

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overall result.

This organization achieved the best

This organization's performance is

similar to the target range/value. This organization's performance is

below the target range/value.

Footnote Key

The Measure or Measure Set was not

The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes

The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically

The Measure results are based on a

The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.

The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of

There were no eligible patients that met

the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.

The Measure Set does not have an

above the target range/value. This organization's performance is

### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

		Compared t Comn	o other Join hission
		Accredited C	Organization
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statew
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				'n
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital	lationwide Top 10%	Average	State Top 10%	
Weasure	схранацон	Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 17 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	98% of 185 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	98% of 63 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 63 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

This organization achieved the best possible results This organization's performance is		Reporting	Period: January 2012 - December 2012
above the target range/value.			
This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.			
This organization's performance is below the target range/value.			
Not displayed	Me	easure Area	Explanation
	SC	CIP - Infection	This category of evidence based measures

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**Footnote Key** 

- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- 3. The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- 8. The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement. 9.
- The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.
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- There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
asure Area Explanation				de	Statewid	e
IP - Infection evention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		Ð		Ð	
Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					on	
			Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	Avera

			Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
re re th (a	atients who had hip joint eplacement surgery and eccived appropriate medicine nat prevents infection antibiotic) and the antibiotic as stopped within 24 hours fter the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 59 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
	atients Having a ysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	95% of 41 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
m (a be	atients having hysterectomy urgery who received redicine to prevent infection an antibiotic) within one hour efore the skin was surgically ut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 14 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
su ap (a be	atients having hysterectomy urgery who received the ppropriate medicine antibiotic) which is shown to e effective for this type of urgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	93% of 14 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	97%	100%	98%



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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

		Compared to Comm		
		Accredited Organization		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	Ð	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:		
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	92% of 13 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	98%	
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 261 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	99% of 87 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%	
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 87 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%	



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#### Footnote Key

- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- 3. The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- 8. The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement. 9.
- The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.
- 10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement. 11 There were no eligible patients that met
- the denominator criteria.

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overall result.

This organization achieved the best

This organization's performance is

similar to the target range/value. This organization's performance is

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Footnote Key

The Measure or Measure Set was not

The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes

The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically

The Measure results are based on a

The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.

The measure results are temporarily

The Measure Set does not have an

The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.

above the target range/value. This organization's performance is

### Northern Hospital District of Surry County

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

		Compared to Comm		
		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ð	<b>(</b>	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
Measure	Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	wide Average Rate:	
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	99% of 87 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%	
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	100% of 299 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	93% of 111 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	98%	

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suppressed pending resubmission of updated data. 10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement. 11 There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

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# **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Symbol Key

This organization achieved the best possible results
 This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
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#### **Footnote Key**

- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
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- **3.** The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
   The measure results are temporarily.
- The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.
- Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.
   There were no eligible patients that me
- 1. There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

#### Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

### Measure Area

SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

Explanation

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations						
		N	lationwide			ewide		
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:		
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 270 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%		
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	98% of 269 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%		

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# **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### **Footnote Key**

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Survey Date	Range		Number of Co	mpleted Survey	S	Survey Resp	onse Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 c	or More		37%			
Question				Explanation						
How often did doctors communicate well with patients? Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means doctors <b>explained things clearly, listened carefully</b> to the patient, and treated the patient with <b>courtesy and respect</b> .										
Doctors "always" communicated well Doctors "usually" communicated well Doctors "sometimes" or communicated we										
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital State Na Rate Average Av				
75%	83%	81%	17%	13%	15%	8%	4%	4%		
Question				Explanation						
How ofter with patie		ommunicate we	əll	them during the explained thi	ted how often t neir hospital sta <b>ngs clearly, lis</b> tient with <b>court</b>	y. "Communi <b>tened caref</b> i	cated well" me <b>ully</b> to the pat	eans nurses		
Nurses "a	ways" commu	unicated well	Nurses	s "usually" communicated well Nurses "sometimes" or "new communicated well						
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
77%	80%	78%	17%	16%	17%	6%	4%	5%		
Question	Question Explanation									

How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff? Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the **call button** or needed help in **getting to the bathroom** or **using a bedpan**.

Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "usually" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "sometimes" or "never" received help as soon as they wanted			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
62%	68%	66%	27%	23%	24%	11%	9%	10%	

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# **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

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- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

	Survey Date	Range	l	Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 or More			37%		
Question			E	Explanation					
How ofter controlled	ו was patients ו?	s' pain well		If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, the survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their <b>pain was well controlled</b> and that the <b>hospital staff did everything they could to help</b> patients with their pain.					
Pain was	s "always" we	ll controlled	Pain wa	s "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was "	sometimes" o controlled	r "never" well	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
64%	71%	70%	28%	22%	23%	8%	7%	7%	

Question				Explanation					
	n did staff exp ing them to p	lain about medi atients?	cines	If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told <b>what the medicine was</b> <b>for</b> and what <b>side effects it might have</b> before they gave it to the patient.					
Staff "always" explained				Staff "usually" ex	plained	Staff "	sometimes" o explained	or "never"	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
60%	65%	63%	16%	17%	18%	24%	18%	19%	

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# **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### Footnote Key

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- This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Survey Date	Range		Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April	2011 through	March 2012		300 or More			37%		
Question				Explanation					
	n were the pat s kept clean?	ients' rooms an	d	Patients reported how often their <b>hospital room and bathroom</b> were kept clean.					
Roon	n was "always	" clean	Ro	Room was "usually" clean Room was "sometimes" clean			" or "never"		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospi Rate		State Average	National Average
77%	71%	73%	13%	19%	18%	10%	)	10%	9%
Question     Explanation       How often was the area around patients'     Patients reported how often the area around their room was									

	en was	line area	arounu	patier
rooms k	ept qui	et at nigh	it?	

Patients reported how often the area around their room was quiet at night.

"Always" quiet at night			"Usually" quiet at night			"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
62%	63%	60%	30%	29%	29%	8%	8%	11%

Question					on				
Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home?				The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had <b>discussed the help they would need at home</b> . Patients also reported whether they were given <b>written</b> <b>information about symptoms or health problems to watch for</b> <b>during their recovery</b> .					
	Yes, staff	did give patients th	is informatior	1	No, staff did not give patients this information				
	Hospital Rate	State Average	National A	Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
	86%	85%	84%	%	14%	15%	16%		

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Hospital

Rate

61%

State

Average

71%

National

Average

70%

Hospital

Rate

32%

State

Average

24%

National

Average

25%

Hospital

Rate

7%

State

Average

5%

National

Average

5%



# **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

Foo	tnote	e Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

Survey Data Bango							Survey Deepense Date		
Survey Date Range				Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
April 2011 through March 2012				300 or More			37%		
Question Explanation									
How do patients rate the hospital overall?				After answering all other questions on the survey, <b>patients</b> <b>answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating</b> <b>of the hospital</b> . Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."					
Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10 Patien (high)			Patient	s who gave a rat (medium)	ing of 7 or 8	Patients who gave a rating of 6 or lower (low)			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
61%	71%	69%	28%	22%	23%	11%	7%	8%	
Question Explanation									
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the hospital to their friends and family.									
				6, patients would ecommend the h		NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)			