

Accreditation Quality Report







Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the
 prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of
 the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

Org ID: 5902







Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective	Last Full Survey	Last On-Site
		Date	Date	Survey Date
Hospital	Accredited	12/8/2007	12/3/2010	12/3/2010

Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Hospital

Special Quality Awards

2010 Gold Plus Get With The Guidelines - Stroke

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations		
		Nationwide	Statewide	
Hospital	2011National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	™ *	
	National Quality Improvement Goals:			
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	Ø	Ø	
Jul 2009 - Jun 2010	Heart Failure Care	Ø	Ø	
	Pneumonia Care	Θ	Θ	
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)			
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	Ø	Ø	
	Blood Vessel Surgery	Θ	Θ	
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Θ	Θ	
	Hip Joint Replacement	⊕	⊕	
	Hysterectomy	⊖	Θ	
	Knee Replacement	⊕	⊕	
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)			

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

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Footnote Key

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Locations of Care

Locations of Care	Available Services	
Dickstein Cancer Treatment Ctr 2-4 Longview Avenue White Plains, NY 10601	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)	
White Plains Hospital Center * Davis Avenue at East Post Road White Plains, NY 10601	 Cancer Center/Oncology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Outpatient) Cardiac Unit/Cardiology (Inpatient, Outpatient) CT Scanner (Inpatient, Outpatient) Dermatology (Inpatient) Dialysis (Inpatient) EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Emergency Room (Outpatient) Endocrinology (Inpatient) Eastroenterology (Inpatient) Gastroenterology (Inpatient) General Medical Services (Inpatient, Outpatient) General Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) General Surgery (Inpatient, Outpatient) Gl or Endoscopy Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Gynecology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Imaging/Radiology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Infectious Diseases (Inpatient) Infectious Diseases (Inpatient) Infersion Therapy (Inpatient, Outpatient) Intensive Care Unit (Inpatient) Intensive Care Unit (Inpatient) Internal Medicine (Inpatient) Industriation and Phys Medicine (Inpatient) Rehabilitation and Phys Medicine (Inpatient) Respiratory Care (Ventil (Inpatient) Respiratory Care (Ventil (Inpatient) Urgent Care/Emergency Medicine (Outpatient) Vascular Surgery (Inpatient) Vascular Surgery (Inpatient) Vascular Surgery (Inp	ent, gery ry patient tt, nt) lnit atient contaitent ical lator)
White Plains Hospital Center Outpatient Physical Medicine 111 South Ridge Street	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)	

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

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Locations of Care

* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
White Plains Hospital Center Women's	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)
Imaging Center	
90 South Ridge Street Rye Brook, NY 10573	

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2011 National Patient Safety Goals

Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.

The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	Ø
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	Ø Ø Ø
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	Ø
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	000
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	Ø
	Marking the Procedure Site	Ø
	Performing a Time-Out	Ø

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

	Compared to other Joint Commission				
	Accredited Organizations				
1	Nationwide Statewide				
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		Comr	nission
		Accredited (Organizations
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	Ø	Ø

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations		on		
			Accredit Nationwide	ed Organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	100% of 16 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	96%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart attack patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart attack patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 12 eligible Patients ³	100%	100%	100%	100%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	96% of 81 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%

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		١	lationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 60 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	95% of 63 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Measure Area

Explanation

Measure Area

Explanation

Nationwide

Statewide

This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		۸	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Fibrinolytic therapy received within 30 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patients who receive a medicine that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy) within 30 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients were given a medication that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy). Breaking up blood clots increases blood flow to the heart. If blood flow is returned to the heart muscle quickly during a heart attack, the risk of death is decreased. The medicine that breaks up clots in the arteries and allows the return of normal blood flow is called fibrinolytic therapy and is used in certain types of heart attacks. It is important that this medicine be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	4	100%	57%	100%	50%

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Measure Area

Heart Failure Care

Org ID: 5902







National Quality Improvement Goals

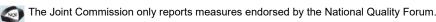
Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

patients.

This category of evide overall quality of care

	Compared to other Joint Commission		
	Accredited C	Organizations	
Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
ence based measures assesses the provided to Heart Failure (HF)	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission				n
		Accredited Organizations Nationwide Statewide				wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	93% of 84 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	95%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart failure patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart failure patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	96% of 25 eligible Patients ³	100%	99%	100%	98%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	90% of 208 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	89%	99%	90%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		N	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 277 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	99%

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Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

Measure Area

Pneumonia Care

Org ID: 5902







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
Nationwide Statewide

This category of evidence based measures assesses the		
overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.		

Explanation

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
			Nationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Pneumonia patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult pneumonia patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	89% of 28 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	98% of 115 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	99%	95%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	100% of 16 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	96%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
Nationwide Statewide

Wedsuic Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Otatowide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Θ	Θ

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
		Nationwide Statewi			wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Initial antibiotic received within 6 hours of hospital arrival*	Pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. This measure reports the percent of adult pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	95% of 163 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	99%	93%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – ICU patient*	Patients in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients in intensive care units with community-acquired pneumonia were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	0% of 3 eligible Patients ³	100%	71%	100%	69%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the	90% of 105 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	95%

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Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
ationwide Statewide

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Θ	Θ

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		1	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	0	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Pneumococcal vaccination*	Pneumonia vaccination. This measure reports how many patients 65 years and older were screened and vaccinated to prevent pneumonia.	85% of 168 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	99%	92%



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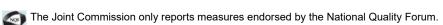
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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Θ	Θ	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		N	Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Pneumonia Seasonal Measure Reporting Period: October 2009 - N	March 2010					
Influenza vaccination	Pneumonia patients in the hospital during flu season (October through March) who were given the influenza vaccination prior to leaving the hospital. This measure reports how often pneumonia patients in the hospital during the flu season were given flu vaccine if needed, prior to leaving the hospital.	82% of 98 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	92%	99%	91%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Statewide

Measure Area Nationwide Explanation SCIP - Cardiac This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.

Measure	Explanation		Nationwide Top 10% Scored	ed Organiz Average	cations State Top 10% Scored	ewide Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	97% of 97 eligible Patients ⁷	at Least:	93%	at Least:	92%

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Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

Org ID: 5902

Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Commission **Accredited Organizations** Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \bigcirc \odot Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Coi	npared to d Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		1	lationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	99% of 296 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	97% of 297 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	99%	97%

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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \bigcirc $oldsymbol{\emptyset}$ Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	83% of 288 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	95%	99%	94%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	85% of 66 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	94%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	95% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	94%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \bigcirc \odot Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

			Cor	npared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
				lationwide			ewide
	Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ap pro an wi	atients who had blood vessel argery and received oppropriate medicine that events infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped thin 24 hours after the argery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	59% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	90%	100%	90%
	atients Having Colon/Large testine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	77% of 79 eligible Patients ⁷	98%	91%	98%	89%
int me (ar be	atients having colon/large testine surgery who received edicine to prevent infection in antibiotic) within one hour efore the skin was surgically it. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	93% of 27 eligible Patients ³	100%	93%	100%	93%
int the (ar be	atients having colon/large testine surgery who received e appropriate medicine ntibiotic) which is shown to e effective for this type of irgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	78% of 27 eligible Patients ³	100%	90%	100%	89%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

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		Соі	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		N	Nationwide	cu Organiz		wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	60% of 25 eligible Patients ³	100%	88%	100%	87%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 251 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 85 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 85 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	100%

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		Со	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		1	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	98% of 81 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	94%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	86% of 203 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	99%	95%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 68 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	94% of 68 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	93%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the \bigcirc \odot Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Cor	mpared to d Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		١	Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	64% of 67 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	94%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	98% of 282 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 94 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 95 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	100%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Ø	Ø

		Cor		other Joint ed Organiz	Commissic ations	n
		N	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 93 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	99% of 429 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2009 - June 2010

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

		Cor	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		١	lationwide			wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	92% of 225 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	96%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	90% of 225 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	93%	99%	94%

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CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009
Last Updated: October 07, 2010

The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Attack = 16%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	National Rate Sted mortality is lower (Adjusted mortality is about the					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Attack = 15.9%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 180						
Out of 4569 hospitals in U.S.	95 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	2744 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	45 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	1685 hospitals in the United States performing	did not have enough cases to reliab	ly tell how well they are				
Out of 188 hospitals in New york	10 hospitals in New york Better than U.S. National Rate	154 hospitals in New york No different than U.S. National Rate	5 hospitals in New york Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	19 hospitals in New york did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are perform						

The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Failure = 11%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)				
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Failure = 10.5%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 488						
Out of 4743 hospitals in U.S.	199 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	3801 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	140 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	603 hospitals in the United States of performing	did not have enough cases to reliabl	y tell how well they are				
Out of 190 hospitals in New york	in New york 19 hospitals in New york Better than U.S. National Rate 158 hospitals in New york No different than U.S. National Rate 7 hospitals in New york No different than U.S. National Rate 158 hospitals in New york No						
	6 hospitals in New york did not ha	ve enough cases to reliably tell how	well they are performing				

The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Pneumonia = 12%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)				
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Pneumonia = 10.9%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Pneumonia I	Patients = 679						

For further information

Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

and explanation of the

White Plains Hospital Center

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

Org ID: 5902







CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009

Last Updated: October 07, 2010

Last Updated: October 07, 2010								
Out of 4788 hospitals in U.S.	222 hospitals in the U.S. Better han U.S. National Rate 3988 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate 221 hospitals in the U.S. National Rate 221 hospitals in the U.S. National Rate							
	357 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							
Out of 192 hospitals in New york		1 1						
	6 hospitals in New york did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2006 through June 2009. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Risk Adjusted Mortality measures please see user guides.

Org ID: 5902







CMS Readmission Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009
Last Updated: October 07, 2010

The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Heart Attack Patients = 20%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)				
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Attack Patients = 20.9%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 104						
Out of 4476 hospitals in U.S.	29 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate						
	1999 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing						
Out of 186 hospitals in New york	0 hospitals in New york Better than U.S. National Rate	12 hospitals in New york Worse than U.S. National Rate					
	35 hospitals in New york did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing						

The	U.S. National Rate for Readmiss	ions for Heart Failure Patients = 2	25%					
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)					
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Failure Patients = 26.1%	Not Available							
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 521							
Out of 4759 hospitals in U.S.	147 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate 3869 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate 193 hospitals in the U.S. National Rate							
	550 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							
Out of 190 hospitals in New york	1 hospitals in New york Better than U.S. National Rate	28 hospitals in New york Worse than U.S. National Rate						
	6 hospitals in New york did not ha	6 hospitals in New york did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing						

The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Pneumonia Patients = 18%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)				
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Pneumonia Patients = 16%	Not Available						

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CMS Readmission Rates

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For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2006 through June 2009 Last Updated: October 07, 2010

Number of Medicare Pneumonia Patients = 671								
Out of 4813 hospitals in U.S.	64 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate 4223 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate 163 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate							
	363 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							
Out of 191 hospitals in New york	0 hospitals in New york Better than U.S. National Rate 156 hospitals in New york No different than U.S. National Rate 30 hospitals in New york Worse than U.S. National Rate							
	5 hospitals in New york did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing							

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2006 through June 2009. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Readmission Rates please see user guides.

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

Org ID: 5902







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Footnote Key 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance. 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data. 3. Survey results are not available for this

period. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

	O D	. D		Nombras	0		O	Dete	
	Survey Da	te Range		Number of	Completed Sur	veys	Survey Response Rate		
Januar	y 2009 throug	gh December 20	009	3(00 or More		359	%	
Question				Explanation					
How often did doctors communicate well with patients? Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means doctors explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect.								eans the	
Doctors "a	lways" comm	unicated well	Doctor	s "usually" comm	unicated well		s "sometimes" ommunicated		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
78%	76%	80%	17%	18%	15%	5%	6%	5%	
Question				Explanation					
	Patients reported how often their nurses communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means nurses explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect.								
Nurses "al	lways" commı	unicated well	Nurses	s "usually" comm	unicated well		s "sometimes" ommunicated		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
77%	71%	75%	19%	21%	19%	4%	8%	6%	
Question				Explanation					
	How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff? Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the call button or needed help in getting to the bathroom or using a bedpan.								
	'always" recei on as they wa		Patier	nts "usually" received help as Patients "sometimes" or "never received help as soon as they war					
Hospital Rate	State	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State	National Average	Hospital Rate	State	National Average	

1101111100	nar stan :			or using a be	dpan.			
Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted Patients "usually" received help as soon as they wanted Patients "sometimes" or "never received help as soon as they wanted								
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
62%	56%	63%	26%	28%	26%	12%	16%	11%

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range Number of Completed Surveys Survey Response Rate January 2009 through December 2009 300 or More 35%

Question				Explanation				
How often wa controlled?	as patients	' pain well	If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their pain was well controlled and that the hospital staff did everything they could to help patients witheir pain.					Well hat the
Pain was "always" well controlled Pa			Pain	was "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was "	sometimes" o controlled	or "never" well
Hospital Rate A	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	al State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
72%	64%	69%	22%	26%	24%	6%	10%	7%

72%	64%	69%	22%	26%	24%	6%	10%	7%		
Question Explanation										
How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients? If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told what the medicine was for and what side effects it might have before they gave it to the patient.								ine. licine was		
Staff "always" explained Sta			Sta	ff "usually" exγ	olained	Staff "s	sometimes" o explained	r "never"		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
60%	56%	60%	15%	19%	18%	25%	25%	22%		

Footnote Key

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- This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

Footnote Key

performance.

accurate data.

HCAHPS Survey.

period.

1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital

This displays less than 12 months of

3. Survey results are not available for this

No patients were eligible for the

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

White Plains Hospital Center

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

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Question

Question





Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate		
January 2009 through December 2009	300 or More	35%		

Explanation

	were the pa kept clean	atients' rooms a	nd	Patients reported how often their were kept clean.			room and b	oathroom
Room was "always" clean R			oom was "usu	ally" clean	Room wa	is "sometime clean	es" or "never"	
Hospital	State	National	Hospita	l State	National	Hospital	State	National

							ologii	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
67%	65%	70%	24%	24%	20%	9%	11%	10%

Explanation

How often was the area around patients' rooms kept quiet at night?				Patients reported how often the area around their room was quiet at night.						
"Always" quiet at night			"U	"Usually" quiet at night			"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night			
Hospital State National F Rate Average Average		Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average			
53%	48%	57%	33%	34%	31%	14%	18%	12%		

Rate Average Average Average Rate Average Rate Average Average 53% 48% 57% 33% 34% 31% 14% 18% 12% Question

Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home?

The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home. Patients also reported whether they were given written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery.

Yes, staff	did give patients thi	s information	No, staff did not give patients this information				
Hospital Rate	State Average National Average		Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
69%	80%	81%	31%	20%	19%		

Davis Avenue at East Post Road, White Plains, NY

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Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range Number of Completed Surveys Survey Response Rate January 2009 through December 2009 300 or More 35%

Question			Е	Explanation						
How do patients rate the hospital overall?				After answering all other questions on the survey, patients answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating of the hospital. Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."						
Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10 Patien (high)				8				rho gave a rating of 6 or lower (low)		
Hospital Rate	·			State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
65%	58%	66%	28%	29%	25%	7%	13%	9%		

Question				Explanation					
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?				The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the hospital to their friends and family.					
	YES, patients would definitely recommend the hospital			YES, patients would probably recommend the hospital			NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate		State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
75%	63%	69%	22%		30%	25%	3%	7%	6%

Footnote Key

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- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.