



# Accreditation Quality Report





Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals - safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals - measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at [qualityreport@jointcommission.org](mailto:qualityreport@jointcommission.org) with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH  
President of the Joint Commission



## Summary of Quality Information




### Symbol Key

-  This organization achieved the best possible results.
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Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Survey Date	Last On-Site Survey Date
 Behavioral Health Care	Accredited	5/3/2011	5/2/2011	5/2/2011
 Home Care	Accredited	5/6/2011	5/5/2011	5/5/2011
 Hospital	Accredited	5/7/2011	5/6/2011	5/6/2011

### Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Hospital







Advanced Certification Programs	Certification Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Review Date	Last On-Site Review Date
 Primary Stroke Center	Certification	5/16/2012	5/15/2012	5/15/2012

### Other Accredited Programs/Services

- Hospital ( Accredited by American College of Surgeons-Commission on Cancer (ACoS-COC))

### Special Quality Awards

- 2012 ACS National Surgical Quality Improvement Program
- 2012 Gold Get With The Guidelines - Heart Failure
- 2011 Gold Plus Get With The Guidelines - Stroke
- 2010 Hospital Magnet Award

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
		Nationwide	Statewide
Behavioral Health Care	2011National Patient Safety Goals		 *
Home Care	2011National Patient Safety Goals		 *
Hospital	2011National Patient Safety Goals		 *

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.



The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.



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### Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

#### Nationwide

#### Statewide

### National Quality Improvement Goals:

Reporting Period:  
Jan 2012 -  
Dec 2012

Heart Attack Care



Heart Failure Care



Pneumonia Care



### Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)

SCIP - Cardiac

SCIP - Infection Prevention

For All Reported Procedures:

- Blood Vessel Surgery
- Colon/Large Intestine Surgery
- Hip Joint Replacement
- Hysterectomy
- Knee Replacement



SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)

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## Locations of Care

### \* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
<b>Center for Behavioral Health</b> 21 Pleasant Street Middletown, Ct. Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult)</li> </ul>
<b>Center for Behavioral Health Day Treatment Program</b> 33 Pleasant Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Behavioral Health (Day Programs - Adult) (Partial - Adult)</li> </ul>
<b>Center for Behavioral Health Family Advocacy Program</b> 51 Broad Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Other Clinics/Practices located at this site:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>There is no additional site</li> </ul> <b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult/Child/Youth)</li> <li>In-Home Behavioral Health Services (Non 24 Hour Care - Child/Youth)</li> </ul>
<b>Center for Behavioral Health Outpatient</b> 103 South Main Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult)</li> <li>Chemical Dependency (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult)</li> </ul>



## Locations of Care

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<b>Middlesex Hospital *</b> 28 Crescent Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Joint Commission Advanced Certification Programs:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary Stroke Center</li> </ul> <b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Coronary Care Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>CT Scanner (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Gastroenterology (Surgical Services)</li> <li>GI or Endoscopy Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Gynecological Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Gynecology (Inpatient)</li> <li>Interventional Radiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Labor &amp; Delivery (Inpatient)</li> <li>Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>Medical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)</li> <li>Neurosurgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Normal Newborn Nursery (Inpatient)</li> <li>Nuclear Medicine (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Orthopedic/Spine Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>Pediatric Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>Plastic Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient)</li> <li>Sleep Laboratory (Sleep Laboratory)</li> <li>Surgical ICU (Intensive Care Unit)</li> <li>Surgical Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>Teleradiology (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Thoracic Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Ultrasound (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Urology (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Vascular Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Behavioral Health, Old Saybrook</b> 1250 Boston Post Road Old Saybrook, CT 06475	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Family Practice Residency Office</b> 90 South Main Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Family Practice Residency Office</b> 42 East High Street East Hampton, CT 06424	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>



## Locations of Care

### \* Primary Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
<b>Middlesex Hospital Family Practice Residency Office</b> 595 Main Street Portland, CT 06480	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Homecare</b> 5 Pequot Park Road Suite 204 Westbrook, CT 06498	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Home Health Aides</li> <li>Home Health, Non-Hospice Services</li> <li>Medical Social Services</li> <li>Occupational Therapy</li> <li>Physical Therapy</li> <li>Skilled Nursing Services</li> <li>Speech Language Pathology</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Homecare</b> 770 Saybrook Road Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Home Health Aides</li> <li>Home Health, Non-Hospice Services</li> <li>Medical Social Services</li> <li>Occupational Therapy</li> <li>Physical Therapy</li> <li>Skilled Nursing Services</li> <li>Speech Language Pathology</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Homecare Hospice Program</b> 28 Crescent Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Home Health Aides</li> <li>Home Health, Non-Hospice Services</li> <li>Hospice Care</li> <li>Medical Social Services</li> <li>Occupational Therapy</li> <li>Physical Therapy</li> <li>Skilled Nursing Services</li> <li>Speech Language Pathology</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Hospital Outpatient Center</b> 534 Saybrook Road Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Medical Center Marlborough</b> 14 Jones Hollow Road Marlborough, CT 06447	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anesthesia (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Medical Center Shoreline</b> 260 Westbrook Road Essex, CT 06426	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anesthesia (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex MultiSpecialty Group</b> 80 South Main Street Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Middlesex Surgical Center</b> 530 Saybrook Road Middletown, CT 06457	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ambulatory Surgery Center (Outpatient)</li> <li>Anesthesia (Outpatient)</li> <li>Perform Invasive Procedure (Outpatient)</li> </ul>





# Locations of Care

\* Primary Location




Locations of Care	Available Services
<b>Rehabilitation Services and Hand Therapy</b> 6 Independence Drive Suite 1 Marlborough, CT 06447	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>
<b>Rehabilitation Services and Hand Therapy</b> 192 Westbrook Road Essex, CT 06426	<b>Services:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)</li> </ul>












## 2011 National Patient Safety Goals

### Symbol Key

-  The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.
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-  The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

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### Behavioral Health Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of the identification of individuals served.	Use of Two Identifiers	
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in the population of the individuals it serves.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	











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### Home Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implementing a Fall Reduction Program	
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Risks Associated with Home Oxygen	



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### Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	
	Marking the Procedure Site	
	Performing a Time-Out	



## National Quality Improvement Goals

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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide		Statewide	
			Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	3 93% of 14 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	96%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 87 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 51 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide	Average Rate:	Statewide	Average Rate:
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	 100% of 46 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Fibrinolytic therapy received within 30 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patients who receive a medicine that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy) within 30 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients were given a medication that breaks up blood clots (fibrinolytic therapy). Breaking up blood clots increases blood flow to the heart. If blood flow is returned to the heart muscle quickly during a heart attack, the risk of death is decreased. The medicine that breaks up clots in the arteries and allows the return of normal blood flow is called fibrinolytic therapy and is used in certain types of heart attacks. It is important that this medicine be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	3 ----	100%	65%	---- <sup>3</sup>	---- <sup>3</sup>
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	 100% of 45 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide		Statewide	
			Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	 98% of 109 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	95%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	 90% of 260 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	91%
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	 100% of 381 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	100%



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Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Nationwide		Statewide		
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	 98% of 312 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	97%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	 100% of 24 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	 99% of 145 eligible Patients	100%	96%	100%	97%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation					
		Nationwide		Statewide		
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	 98% of 403 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%



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## National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: January 2012 - December 2012

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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide	Average Rate:	Statewide	Average Rate:
			Top 10% Scored at Least:		Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	 98% of 791 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	 99% of 789 eligible Patients	100%	99%	99%	99%



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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	 98% of 771 eligible Patients	100%	98%	99%	97%
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	 98% of 45 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	96%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	 100% of 15 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	97%
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	3 93% of 15 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	99%	100%	97%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	 100% of 15 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	93%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	 96% of 213 eligible Patients	100%	96%	99%	96%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	 91% of 74 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	 99% of 72 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%



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Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	 100% of 67 eligible Patients	100%	95%	100%	96%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	 98% of 848 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	 98% of 285 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	98%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	 100% of 285 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	 97% of 278 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	 98% of 310 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	 100% of 104 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	 97% of 104 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
			Nationwide	Average Rate:	Statewide	Average Rate:
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	 97% of 102 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	 99% of 935 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	 99% of 313 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	 100% of 313 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.		

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	 99% of 309 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	 100% of 1208 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	 99% of 839 eligible Patients	100%	96%	99%	96%



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Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

Measure	Explanation	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		Hospital Results	Nationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Statewide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 1047 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 1046 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%



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## Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

### Footnote Key

1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
3. Survey results are not available for this period.
4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

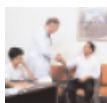
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Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	37%

Question			Explanation					
How often did doctors communicate well with patients?			Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with them during their hospital stay. “Communicated well” means doctors <b>explained things clearly, listened carefully</b> to the patient, and treated the patient with <b>courtesy and respect</b> .					
Doctors “always” communicated well			Doctors “usually” communicated well			Doctors “sometimes” or “never” communicated well		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
79%	79%	81%	16%	16%	15%	5%	5%	4%

Question			Explanation					
How often did nurses communicate well with patients?			Patients reported how often their nurses communicated well with them during their hospital stay. “Communicated well” means nurses <b>explained things clearly, listened carefully</b> to the patient, and treated the patient with <b>courtesy and respect</b> .					
Nurses “always” communicated well			Nurses “usually” communicated well			Nurses “sometimes” or “never” communicated well		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
80%	77%	78%	17%	18%	17%	3%	5%	5%

Question			Explanation					
How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff?			Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the <b>call button</b> or needed help in <b>getting to the bathroom</b> or <b>using a bedpan</b> .					
Patients "always" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "usually" received help as soon as they wanted			Patients "sometimes" or "never" received help as soon as they wanted		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
67%	62%	66%	25%	27%	24%	8%	11%	10%



## Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

### Footnote Key

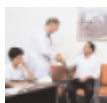
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Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	37%

Question			Explanation						
How often was patients' pain well controlled?			If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, the survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their <b>pain was well controlled</b> and that the <b>hospital staff did everything they could to help</b> patients with their pain.						
Pain was "always" well controlled			Pain was "usually" well controlled			Pain was "sometimes" or "never" well controlled			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
72%	69%	70%	22%	24%	23%	6%	7%	7%	

Question			Explanation						
How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients?			If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told <b>what the medicine was for</b> and what <b>side effects it might have</b> before they gave it to the patient.						
Staff "always" explained			Staff "usually" explained			Staff "sometimes" or "never" explained			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
65%	59%	63%	18%	21%	18%	17%	20%	19%	



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4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

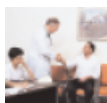
For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	37%

Question			Explanation					
How often were the patients' rooms and bathrooms kept clean?			Patients reported how often their <b>hospital room and bathroom were kept clean</b> .					
Room was "always" clean			Room was "usually" clean			Room was "sometimes" or "never" clean		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
79%	72%	73%	17%	20%	18%	4%	8%	9%

Question			Explanation					
How often was the area around patients' rooms kept quiet at night?			Patients reported how often <b>the area around their room was quiet at night</b> .					
"Always" quiet at night			"Usually" quiet at night			"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
56%	51%	60%	33%	33%	29%	11%	16%	11%

Question			Explanation		
Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home?			The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had <b>discussed the help they would need at home</b> . Patients also reported whether they were given <b>written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery</b> .		
Yes, staff did give patients this information			No, staff did not give patients this information		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
85%	82%	84%	15%	18%	16%



## Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

### Footnote Key

1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
3. Survey results are not available for this period.
4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
April 2011 through March 2012	300 or More	37%

Question	Explanation								
How do patients rate the hospital overall?	After answering all other questions on the survey, <b>patients answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating of the hospital.</b> Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."								
Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10 (high)			Patients who gave a rating of 7 or 8 (medium)			Patients who gave a rating of 6 or lower (low)			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
76%	67%	69%	18%	24%	23%	6%	9%	8%	

Question	Explanation								
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?	The survey asked patients <b>whether they would recommend the hospital</b> to their friends and family.								
YES, patients would definitely recommend the hospital			YES, patients would probably recommend the hospital			NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
78%	71%	70%	19%	24%	25%	3%	5%	5%	