

Accreditation Quality Report





Version: 4 Date: 2/10/2012 800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL



Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656







Summary of Quality Information

Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective	Last Full Surve	y Last On-Site
		Date	Date	Survey Date
Home Care	Accredited	12/6/2008	12/7/2011	12/7/2011
Hospital	Accredited	12/6/2008	12/9/2011	12/9/2011

Advanced Certification	Certification Decision	Effective	Last Full Review Last On-Site	
Programs		Date	Date	Review Date
Primary Stroke Center	Certification	12/3/2010	12/2/2010	12/2/2010

Special Quality Awards

2011 Gold Plus Get With The Guidelines - Stroke
2010 Silver - The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation
2009 Silver I - The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation
2007 The Medal of Honor for Organ Donation

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
		Nationwide Statewide	
Home Care	2008National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	N/A *
Hospital	2008National Patient Safety Goals	Ø	N/A *

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

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Summary of Quality Information

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations	
		Nationwide	Statewide
	National Quality Improvement Goals:		
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	⊕	⊕
Jul 2010 - Jun 2011	Heart Failure Care	Ø	Ø
	Pneumonia Care	Θ	Ø
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)		
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	8 8	8 8
	Blood Vessel Surgery	® 8	® 8
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	6 8	8
	Coronary Artery Bypass Graft	6 8	(40) 8
	Hip Joint Replacement	8	8
	Hysterectomy	8	8
	Knee Replacement	6 8	(40) 8
	Open Heart Surgery	6 8	(40) 8
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)		

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Locations of Care

* Primary Loca	at	ion
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Locations of Care	Available Services		
Buffalo Grove Immediate Care Center 15 South McHenry Road Buffalo Grove, IL 60089	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)		
Lake Zurich Immediate Care Center 1201 South Rand Road Lake Zurich, IL 60047	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)		
Mount Prospect Immediate Care Center 199 West Rand Road Mount Prospect, IL 60056	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)		
Northwest Community Healthcare - Home Healthcare 3060 Salt Creek Lane, Suite 110 Arlington Heights, IL 60005	 Home Health, Non-Hospice Services Personal Care/Support Non-Hospice 		
Northwest Community Hospital * 800 West Central Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005	 Primary Stroke Center Services: Cancer Center/Oncology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Cardiac Surgery (Inpatient) Cardiac Unit/Cardiology (Inpatient) CT Scanner (Inpatient, Outpatient) Dialysis (Inpatient) EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Emergency Room (Outpatient) General Laboratory Tests GI or Endoscopy Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Infusion Therapy (Outpatient) Intensive Care Unit (Inpatient) Intensive Care Unit (Inpatient) Pediatric Care (Inpatient) Pediatric Care (Inpatient) Pediatric Care (Inpatient) Pediatric Care (Inpatient) Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) (Inpatient, Outpatient) Pulmonary Function Lab (Inpatient, Outpatient) Radiation Oncology (Inpatient, Outpatient) Sleep Center (Outpatient) Sleep Center (Outpatient) Ultrasound (Inpatient, Outpatient) Ultrasound (Inpatient, Outpatient) Urgent Care/Firergency Medicine (Outpatient) 		

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Locations of Care

*	Primary	Location

Locations of Care	Available Services
Northwest Community Hospital Day Surgery Center 675 West Kirchoff Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005	 Ambulatory Surgery Center (Outpatient) Anesthesia (Outpatient)
Northwest Community Hospital Mental Health Services 901 West Kirchoff Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005	 Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Child/Youth) (24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization - Adult/Child/Youth) Mental Health (Inpatient, Outpatient, 24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization)
Schaumburg Immediate Care Center 519 South Roselle Road Schaumburg, IL 60194	General Outpatient Services (Outpatient)

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2008 National Patient Safety Goals

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Home Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use at least two patient identifiers when providing care, treatment or services.	Ø
	Prior to the start of any surgical or invasive procedure, conduct a final verification process, (such as a "time out,") to confirm the correct patient, procedure and site using active—not passive—communication techniques.	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	For verbal or telephone orders or for telephonic reporting of critical test results, verify the complete order or test result by having the person receiving the information record and "read-back" the complete order or test result.	Ø
	Standardize a list of abbreviations, acronyms, symbols, and dose designations that are not to be used throughout the organization.	Ø
	Measure, assess and, if appropriate, take action to improve the timeliness of reporting, and the timeliness of receipt by the responsible licensed caregiver, of critical test results and values.	Ø
	Implement a standardized approach to "hand off" communications, including an opportunity to ask and respond to questions.	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Identify and, at a minimum, annually review a list of look-alike/sound-alike drugs used by the organization, and take action to prevent errors involving the interchange of these drugs.	Ø
	Reduce the likelihood of patient harm associated with the use of anticoagulation therapy.	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Comply with current World Health Organization (WHO) Hand Hygiene Guidelines or Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) hand hygiene guidelines.	Ø
	Manage as sentinel events all identified cases of unanticipated death or major permanent loss of function associated with a health care-associated infection.	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	There is a process for comparing the patient's current medications with those ordered for the patient while under the care of the organization.	Ø
	A complete list of the patient's medications is communicated to the next provider of service when a patient is referred or transferred to another setting, service, practitioner or level of care within or outside the organization. The complete list of medications is also provided to the patient on discharge from the organization.	Ø
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implement a fall reduction program including an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program.	Ø
Encourage patients' active involvement in their own care as a patient safety strategy.	Define and communicate the means for patients and their families to report concerns about safety and encourage them to do so.	Ø

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Home Care

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	The organization identifies risks associated with long-term oxygen therapy such as home fires.	Ø

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Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use at least two patient identifiers when providing care, treatment or services.	Ø
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	For verbal or telephone orders or for telephonic reporting of critical test results, verify the complete order or test result by having the person receiving the information record and "read-back" the complete order or test result.	Ø
	Standardize a list of abbreviations, acronyms, symbols, and dose designations that are not to be used throughout the organization.	Ø
	Measure and assess, and if appropriate, take action to improve the timeliness of reporting, and the timeliness of receipt by the responsible licensed caregiver, of critical test results and values.	Ø
	Implement a standardized approach to "hand off" communications, including an opportunity to ask and respond to questions.	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Identify and, at a minimum, annually review a list of look-alike/sound-alike drugs used by the organization, and take action to prevent errors involving the interchange of these drugs.	Ø
	Label all medications, medication containers (for example, syringes, medicine cups, basins), or other solutions on and off the sterile field.	Ø
	Reduce the likelihood of patient harm associated with the use of anticoagulation therapy.	Ø
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Comply with current World Health Organization (WHO) Hand Hygiene Guidelines or Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) hand hygiene guidelines.	Ø
	Manage as sentinel events all identified cases of unanticipated death or major permanent loss of function associated with a health care-associated infection.	Ø
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	There is a process for comparing the patient's current medications with those ordered for the patient while under the care of the organization.	Ø
	A complete list of the patient's medications is communicated to the next provider of service when a patient is referred or transferred to another setting, service, practitioner or level of care within or outside the organization. The complete list of medications is also provided to the patient on discharge from the facility.	Ø
Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls.	Implement a fall reduction program including an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program.	Ø
Encourage patients' active involvement in their own care as a patient safety strategy.	Define and communicate the means for patients and their families to report concerns about safety and encourage them to do so.	Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	The organization identifies patients at risk for suicide. [Applicable to psychiatric hospitals and patients being treated for	Ø

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Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
	emotional or behavioral disorders in general hospitalsNOT APPLICABLE TO CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS]	
Improve recognition and response to changes in a patient's condition.	The organization selects a suitable method that enables health care staff members to directly request additional assistance from a specially trained individual(s) when the patient's condition appears to be worsening. [Critical Access Hospital, Hospital]	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conduct a pre-operative verification process. Mark the operative site. Conduct a "time out" immediately before starting the procedure.	QQQ

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
ationwide Statewide

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	⊕	⊕

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
			Nationwide	Ĭ	State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	97% of 34 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	98%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart attack patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart attack patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 77 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	100% of 411 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%

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		Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
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	Cor	npared to other Jo	int Commission

		Accredited Organizations				
		1	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	Average
		Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
			at Least:		at Least:	
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	99% of 363 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Beta blocker prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	99% of 366 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Primary PCI received within 90 minutes of hospital arrival*	Heart attack patient with a clogged artery in the heart that is opened with a balloon therapy called PCI within 90 minutes of hospital arrival. This measure reports how quickly heart attack patients had a clogged artery in the heart opened with a balloon therapy called PCI to increase blood flow to the heart and reduce heart damage. Lack of blood supply to heart muscle can cause lasting heart damage. In certain types of heart attacks, a small balloon is threaded into a blood vessel in the heart to open up a clogged artery that keeps the blood from flowing to the heart muscle. It is important that this therapy be given quickly after a heart attack is diagnosed.	96% of 74 eligible Patients	100%	93%	100%	94%

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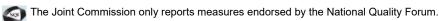


National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

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		Accredited Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Heart Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI) patients.	⊕	⊕

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			n	
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	0	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Statin Prescribed at Discharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	97% of 266 eligible Patients				



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited Organization		
leasure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
leart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			n	
		۸	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	92% of 36 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	97%
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Heart failure patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult heart failure patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing heart disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 18 eligible Patients ³	100%	99%	100%	100%
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	97% of 196 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	92%	100%	93%

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		Accredited Organizations		
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	0	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	100% of 302 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	99%	100%	99%

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Measure Area

Pneumonia Care

Org ID: 4656







National Quality Improvement Goals

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Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
Nationwide Statewide

Explanation	Hadionwide	Otatowiac
This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Θ	Ø

Explanation

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
			Nationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling*	Pneumonia patients who are given advice about stopping smoking while they are in the hospital. This measure reports what percent of adult pneumonia patients are provided advice and/or counseling to quit smoking. Smoking harms the heart, lungs and blood vessels and makes existing disease worse. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	77% of 13 eligible Patients ³	100%	99%	100%	99%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	95% of 134 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	97% of 33 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	98%

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Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

vicasure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Otatowide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the		Ø
	overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
			lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Initial antibiotic received within 6 hours of hospital arrival*	Pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. This measure reports the percent of adult pneumonia patients who are given an antibiotic within 6 hours of arriving at the hospital. Limitations of measure use see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	98% of 142 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – ICU patient*	Patients in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients in intensive care units with community-acquired pneumonia were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	100% of 7 eligible Patients ³	100%	86%	100%	78%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the	95% of 63 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	95%



treatment of pneumonia. The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

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800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Measure Area

Pneumonia Care

Org ID: 4656







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Compared to other Joint Commission

Accredited Organizations

Explanation

Nationwide

Statewide

This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
		١	lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Pneumococcal vaccination*	Pneumonia vaccination. This measure reports how many patients 65 years and older were screened and vaccinated to prevent pneumonia.	89% of 142 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%

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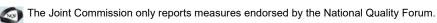
National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Compared to other Joint **Accredited Organizations**

Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Θ	Ø

		Col	Commissio ations	n			
		1	Nationwide		Statewide		
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Pneumonia Seasonal Measure Reporting Period: October 2010 -	March 2011						
Influenza vaccination	Pneumonia patients in the hospital during flu season (October through March) who were given the influenza vaccination prior to leaving the hospital. This measure reports how often pneumonia patients in the hospital during the flu season were given flu vaccine if needed, prior to leaving the hospital.	92% of 84 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	100%	94%	



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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide

SCIP - Cardiac This evidence based measure assesses continuation of

This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				on
		1	Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	97% of 58 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	96%

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800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Measure Area

Prevention

SCIP - Infection

Org ID: 4656







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

This category overall use of

prevention.

Compared to other Joint Accredited Organizations

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Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
of evidence based measures assesses the indicated antibiotics for surgical infection	№ 8	ND 8

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				n
			lationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	96% of 123 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	97% of 127 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%



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800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Measure Area

Prevention

SCIP - Infection

Org ID: 4656







National Quality Improvement Goals

Explanation

This category of evidence based measures assesses the

overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

prevention.

Compared to other Joint
Commission
Accredited Organizations
Nationwide Statewide

8	ND 8

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			Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		N	Nationwide			wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Patients who had surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	94% of 118 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	99%	97%	
Patients Having Blood Vessel Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Blood Vessel Surgery.	96% of 26 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	96%	100%	96%	
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having blood vessel surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 8 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	96%	
Patients having blood vessel surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had blood vessel surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 10 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	97%	



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Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide

SCIP - Infection
Prevention This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Соі	mpared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		١	Nationwide		State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had blood vessel surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often blood vessel surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	88% of 8 eligible Patients ³	100%	93%	100%	94%
Patients Having Colon/Large Intestine Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	85% of 27 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	94%	98%	93%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. *	This measure reports how often patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	89% of 9 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	95%
Patients having colon/large intestine surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	78% of 9 eligible Patients ³	100%	92%	100%	93%

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National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the **8** Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Cor	mpared to c			on
			Accredit Vationwide	ed Organiz		ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had colon/large intestine surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	89% of 9 eligible Patients ³	100%	92%	100%	93%
Patients Having Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery.	100% of 66 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having coronary artery bypass graft surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the **8** Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		N	Nationwide		State	ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had coronary artery bypass graft surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often coronary artery bypass graft surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 21 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients Having Hip Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	99% of 68 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	96% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hip joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	100%	100%	100%



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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the **8** Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

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			lationwide	eu Organiz		wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had hip joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	100% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients Having a Hysterectomy*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	93% of 67 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	91% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having hysterectomy surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	91% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	96%	100%	95%



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Accredited Organizations Measure Area Nationwide Statewide Explanation SCIP - Infection This category of evidence based measures assesses the **8** Prevention overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

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Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results		Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had hysterectomy surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 22 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients Having Knee Joint Replacement Surgery*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	97% of 67 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	96% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having knee joint replacement surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 23 eligible Patients ³	100%	100%	100%	100%

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		Cor	npared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		n
		N	lationwide	ou organiz	State	wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had knee joint replacement surgery and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	95% of 21 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	97%
Patients Having Open Heart Surgery other than Coronary Artery Bypass Graft*	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Open Heart Surgery.	94% of 47 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 15 eligible Patients ³	100%	98%	100%	98%
Patients having open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for this type of surgery.*	This measure reports how often patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 17 eligible Patients ³	100%	100%	100%	100%

- The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.
- This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov
- Null value or data not displayed.

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Footnote Key

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- The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes
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800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656

Compared to other Joint







National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Measure Area Explanation Nationwide Statewide

SCIP - Infection
Prevention This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.

		Соі	npared to o	other Joint ed Organiz		on
		١	lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Patients who had open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft and received appropriate medicine that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antibiotic was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended.*	This measure reports how often open heart surgery other than coronary artery bypass graft patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 48 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 48 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	80% of 15 eligible Patients ³	100%	97%	100%	97%
Heart surgery patients with controlled blood sugar after surgery.	This measure reports the number of heart surgery patients that had a blood sugar of less than 200 on day one and day two after surgery. Infection is lowest in both diabetic and nondiabetic patients when blood sugar is controlled immediately after surgery.	91% of 45 eligible Patients ⁷	99%	95%	99%	94%
Surgery patients with proper hair removal.	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	99% of 175 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Removed	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	71% of 90 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	93%	99%	93%

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800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL





National Quality Improvement Goals

Reporting Period: July 2010 - June 2011

Measure Area	Explanation
SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism	This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients
(VTE)	prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			on	
			lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	0	Top 10%	Average
		Results	Scored	Rate:	Scored	Rate:
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 110 eligible Patients ⁷	at Least:	97%	100%	96%
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	99% of 110 eligible Patients ⁷	100%	95%	100%	95%

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For further information and explanation of the

Quality Report contents,

refer to the "Quality

Report User Guide."







CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2007 through June 2010
Last Updated: October 13, 2011

	The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Attack = 16%						
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	National Rate National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower (Adjusted mortality is about the					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Attack = 15%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 677						
Out of 4645 hospitals in U.S.	101 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	2740 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	36 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	1768 hospitals in the United States performing	did not have enough cases to reliab	oly tell how well they are				
Out of 185 hospitals in Illinois	Out of 185 hospitals in Illinois 6 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate 115 hospitals in Illinois No different than U.S. National Rate						
	63 hospitals in Illinois did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are perform						

	The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Heart Failure = 11%						
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	National Rate National Rate justed mortality is lower (Adjusted mortality is about the					
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Heart Failure = 11.5%	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 1281						
Out of 4841 hospitals in U.S.	*	.	119 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate				
	648 hospitals in the United States of performing	lid not have enough cases to reliabl	y tell how well they are				
Out of 188 hospitals in Illinois	26 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate	*	8 hospitals in Illinois Worse than U.S. National Rate				
8 hospitals in Illinois did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are perform							

The U.S. National 30-day Death Rate from Pneumonia = 12%							
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)				
30-Day Death (Mortality) Rates from Pneumonia = 11.9%	Not Available						
Number of Medicare Pneumonia Patients = 935							

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

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CMS Mortality Rates

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30-Day Risk Adjusted Death (Mortality) compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2007 through June 2010
Last Updated: October 13, 2011

Out of 4877 hospitals in U.S.

201 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate

367 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing

Out of 188 hospitals in Illinois

15 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate

U.S. National Rate

155 hospitals in Illinois No different than U.S. National Rate

U.S. National Rate

9 hospitals in Illinois did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2007 through June 2010. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Risk Adjusted Mortality measures please see user guides.

and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

For further information







CMS Readmission Rates

Hospital

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate
The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2007 through June 2010
Last Updated: October 13, 2011

The	U.S. National Rate for Readmiss	ions for Heart Attack Patients = 2	20%						
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate) No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions a about the same as U.S. rat difference is uncertain		Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)						
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Attack Patients = 19.1% Not Available									
Number of Medicare Heart Attack	Patients = 640								
Out of 4553 hospitals in U.S.	30 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	2417 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate did not have enough cases to relial	36 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate						
	performing	did not have chough cases to rende	by ten now wen they are						
Out of 186 hospitals in Illinois	0 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate	105 hospitals in Illinois No different than U.S. National Rate	4 hospitals in Illinois Worse than U.S. National Rate						
	77 hospitals in Illinois did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing								

The	The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Heart Failure Patients = 25%										
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)								
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Heart Failure Patients = 27.8%	Not Available	ot Available									
Number of Medicare Heart Failure	Patients = 1569										
Out of 4857 hospitals in U.S.	117 hospitals in the U.S. Better than U.S. National Rate	3969 hospitals in the U.S. No different than U.S. National Rate	199 hospitals in the U.S. Worse than U.S. National Rate								
	572 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing										
Out of 188 hospitals in Illinois	1 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate	164 hospitals in Illinois No different than U.S. National Rate	15 hospitals in Illinois Worse than U.S. National Rate								
	8 hospitals in Illinois did not have	enough cases to reliably tell how w	ell they are performing								

The U.S. National Rate for Readmissions for Pneumonia Patients = 18%									
	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are lower than U.S. rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted readmissions are about the same as U.S. rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. Rate)						
30 Day Hospital Readmission Rates from Pneumonia Patients = 21.4%	Not Available								

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656







CMS Readmission Rates

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For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Hospital

Center for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Hospital 30 Day Rate of Readmission compared to U.S. National Rate The rates displayed in this table are from data reported for discharges July 2007 through June 2010 Last Updated: October 13, 2011

Number of Medicare Pneumonia Patients = 946									
*	1	*							
	364 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing								
1	0 hospitals in Illinois Better than U.S. National Rate 161 hospitals in Illinois No different than U.S. National Rate 19 hospitals in Illinois Worse than U.S. National Rate								
	9 hospitals in Illinois did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing								

These percentages were calculated by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services from Medicare data on patients discharged July 2007 through June 2010. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (Managed care) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

For technical information on 30 Day Readmission Rates please see user guides.

and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Northwest Community Hospital

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656

Survey Response Rate

36%







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range **Number of Completed Surveys** Footnote Key 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with January 2010 through December 2010 300 or More caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance. This displays less than 12 months of Question Explanation accurate data. 3. Survey results are not available for this Patients reported how often their doctors communicated well with period. How often did doctors communicate well them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey. with patients? doctors explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect. For further information

Doctors "always" communicated well			Doctors "usually" communicated well			Doctors "sometimes" or "never" communicated well		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
73%	80%	80%	21%	15%	15%	6%	5%	5%

Question				Explanation					
How ofter with patie		ommunicate we	ell	Patients reported how often their nurses communicated well with them during their hospital stay. "Communicated well" means nurses explained things clearly, listened carefully to the patient, and treated the patient with courtesy and respect.					
Nurses "always" communicated well			Nurses "usually" communicated well			Nurses "sometimes" or "never" communicated well			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
71%	76%	76%	24%	18%	19%	5%	6%	5%	

Question				Explanation				
How often did patients receive help quickly from hospital staff?				Patients reported how often they were helped quickly when they used the call button or needed help in getting to the bathroom or using a bedpan.				
Patients "always" received help as Patie soon as they wanted				s "usually" rece soon as they wa			"sometimes" elp as soon a	or "never" s they wanted
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
55%	62%	64%	32%	26%	25%	13%	12%	11%

Explanation

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate		
January 2010 through December 2010	300 or More	36%		

Question			E	Explanation						
How ofte	n was patient d?	s' pain well		If patients needed medicine for pain during their hospital stay, the survey asked how often their pain was well controlled. "Well controlled" means their pain was well controlled and that the hospital staff did everything they could to help patients with their pain.						
Pain wa	Pain was "always" well controlled			Pain was "usually" well controlled			Pain was "sometimes" or "never" well controlled			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
66%	69%	69%	27%	24%	24%	7%	7%	7%		

rtate	Average	Average	rtate	Avelage	Average	rtate	Average	Average		
66%	69%	69%	27%	24%	24%	7%	7%	7%		
	How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients? If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told what the medicine was for and what side effects it might have before they gave it to the patient.									
Staf	f "always" exp	olained	St	aff "usually" exp	olained	Staff "	sometimes" c explained	r "never"		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average		
53%	59%	61%	21%	19%	18%	26%	22%	21%		

Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

Footnote Key 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with

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Northwest Community Hospital

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

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Question





Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range **Number of Completed Surveys** Survey Response Rate January 2010 through December 2010 36% 300 or More

Explanation

	n were the pat s kept clean?	tients' rooms a	nd	Patients reported how often their hospital room and bathroo were kept clean.					
Roon	n was "always	s" clean	Ro	Room was "usually" clean			Room was "sometimes" or "never" clean		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	

Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average			
68%	71%	72%	23%	20%	19%	9%	9%	9%			
Question	Question Explanation										
How ofter	was the area	a around patien	ts'	Patients reported how often the area around their room was							

quiet at night.

"Always" quiet at night		"Usually" quiet at night			"Sometimes" or "never" quiet at night			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
47%	55%	58%	35%	32%	31%	18%	13%	11%

Rate	Average	Average	Rate	Average	Average	Rate	Average	Average
47%	55%	58%	35%	32%	31%	18%	13%	11%
Question	Question Explanation							

Were patients given information about what to do during their recovery at home?

rooms kept quiet at night?

The survey asked patients about information they were given when they were ready to leave the hospital. Patients reported whether hospital staff had discussed the help they would need at home. Patients also reported whether they were given written information about symptoms or health problems to watch for during their recovery.

Yes, staff	did give patients th	s information	No, staff did not give patients this information				
Hospital Rate	Hospital Rate State Average National		ational Average Hospital Rate		National Average		
82%	82% 82% 82%		18%	18%	18%		

800 West Central Road, Arlington Heights, IL

Org ID: 4656







Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences

Survey Date Range	Number of Completed Surveys	Survey Response Rate
January 2010 through December 2010	300 or More	36%
Question	Explanation	
How do patients rate the hospital overall?	After answering all other questions on answered a separate question that a of the hospital. Ratings were on a sca	sked for an overall rating

of the hospital. Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital

Patients who gave a rating of 9 or 10			Patients who gave a rating of 7 or 8			Patients who gave a rating of 6 or		
(high)			(medium)			lower (low)		
Hospital	State	National	Hospital	State	National	Hospital	State	National
Rate	Average	Average	Rate	Average	Average	Rate	Average	Average
64%	66%	68%	27%	25%	23%	9%	9%	

possible."

Question				Explanation					
Would patients recommend the hospital to friends and family?				The survey asked patients whether they would recommend the hospital to their friends and family.					
YES, patients would definitely recommend the hospital			YES, patients would probably recommend the hospital			NO, patients would not recommend the hospital (they probably would not or definitely would not recommend it)			
Hospital Rate			Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
70%	67%	70%	26%	27%	25%	4%	6%	5%	

Footnote Key

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- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.