

# Accreditation Quality Report







Welcome to the Joint Commission's Quality Report. We know how important reliable information is to you and your family when making health care decisions. This Quality Report will help you make the right decisions to meet your needs. Since 1951, the Joint Commission has been the national leader in setting standards for health care organizations. When a health care organization seeks accreditation, it demonstrates commitment to giving safe, high quality health care and to continually working to improve that care.

The Quality Report is only one way to determine whether a health care organization can meet your needs. Discuss this report with your doctor or with other professional acquaintances before making a care decision. In addition to the accreditation status of the organization, the Quality Report uses checks, pluses, and minuses in each of the following key areas to help you compare a health care organization with similar accredited organizations.

- National Patient Safety Goals safety guidelines that target the prevention of medical errors such as surgery on the wrong side of the body and safe medication use.
- National Quality Improvement Goals measures the care of patients with specific conditions such as heart failure or pregnancy.

Not all measures are relevant to or available for all types of health care organizations. The Joint Commission will add relevant measures of health care quality as more measures become available. Your comments are just as important to us. The content and format of the Quality Report will be updated from time to time based on changes in the health care industry and your suggestions. Please call Customer Service at 630-792-5800 or e-mail the Joint Commission at qualityreport@jointcommission.org with your comments and suggestions.

Mark R. Chassin, MD, MPP, MPH President of the Joint Commission



### **Summary of Quality Information**

Accreditation Programs	Accreditation Decision	Effective Date	Last Full Survey Date	Last On-Site Survey Date
🎯 Hospital	Accredited	1/29/2010	12/14/2012	12/14/2012

#### Accreditation programs recognized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Hospital

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
		Nationwide	Statewide		
Hospital	2010National Patient Safety Goals	$\bigotimes$	*		
	National Quality Improvement Goals:				
Reporting Period:	Heart Attack Care	Ð	Ð		
Jul 2011 - Jun 2012	Heart Failure Care	$\bigotimes$	${}^{\oslash}$		
	Pneumonia Care	${ {                                  $	${}^{\oslash}$		
	Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)				
	SCIP - Cardiac SCIP - Infection Prevention For All Reported Procedures:	Θ	Θ		
	Colon/Large Intestine Surgery	Θ	Θ		
	Hip Joint Replacement	$\bigotimes$	${igodot}$		
	Hysterectomy	${igodot}$	${igodot}$		
	Knee Replacement	${igodot}$	${igodot}$		
	SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)				

Hospitals voluntarily participate in the Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences (HCAHPS). Pediatric and psychiatric hospitals are not eligible to participate in the HCAHPS survey based on their patient population.

The Joint Commission only reports measures endorsed by the National Quality Forum.

#### Symbol Key

0	This organization achieved the best possible results.
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Ø	This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
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#### **Footnote Key**

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- 11. There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

**Quality Check**<sup>®</sup>



# **Locations of Care**

Locations of Care	Available Services
Alvernon Clinic 707 N Alvernon Suites 101, 201, 301 Tucson, AZ 85711	Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Family and Community Medicine and Diabetes Physician Offices 3950 South Country Club Road, Ste 130 and 140 Tucson, AZ 85714	Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)
Rheumatology/Infusion/I ntegrated Medicine 535 N Wilmot Tucson, AZ 85711	Outpatient Clinics (Outpatient)



### **Locations of Care**

#### \* Primary Location

* Primary Location Locations of Care	Available Services				
University Physicians Healthcare Hospital * 2800 E Ajo Way Tucson, AZ 85713	<ul> <li>Acute Coronary Syndrome (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Acute Myocardial Infarction (Inpatient)</li> <li>Adolescent medicine (Outpatient)</li> <li>Alzheimers Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (Outpatient)</li> <li>Anxiety/panic disorders (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Anthritis (Outpatient)</li> <li>Arthritis (Outpatient)</li> <li>Asthma (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Asthma, Pediatrics (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Atrial Fibrillation (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Attention Deficit Disorder (Outpatient)</li> <li>Attention Deficit Disorder (Outpatient)</li> <li>Attention Deficit Disorder (Outpatient)</li> <li>Behavioral Health (Non 24 Hour Care - Adult) (24-hour Acute Care/Crisis Stabilization - Adult)</li> <li>Benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) (Outpatient)</li> <li>Bipolar disorder (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Breast Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Cardiac Catheterization Lab (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Cellulitis (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Chronic Kidney Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Chronic Kidney Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Chronic Cobstructive Pulmonary Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Colon/Rectal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Congenital Anomalies (Outpatient)</li> <li>Coronary Artery Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Cronhr's Disease (Outpatient)</li> <li>Crohn's Disease (Outpatient)</li> <li>Crohersein (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Crohersein (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperthyroidism/Hypothyroidis m (Outpatient)</li> <li>Inpatient Diabetes (Inpatient)</li> <li>Inritable Bowel Syndrome (Outpatient)</li> <li>Ischemic Heart Disease (Outpatient)</li> <li>Joint Replacement - Knee (Outpatient)</li> <li>Lead Exposure (Outpatient)</li> <li>Liver Diseases (Outpatient)</li> <li>Low Back Pain (Outpatient)</li> <li>Low Back Pain (Outpatient)</li> <li>Low Back Pain (Outpatient)</li> <li>Magnetic Resonance Imaging (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Medical /Surgical Unit (Inpatient)</li> <li>Medical CU (Intensive Care Unit)</li> <li>Migraine Headache (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Migraine Headache (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Morbid Obesity (Outpatient)</li> <li>Multiple Sclerosis (Outpatient)</li> <li>Nutrition Programs (Outpatient)</li> <li>Orthopedic Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Osgood-Schlatter (Outpatient)</li> <li>Osteopathic Care (Outpatient)</li> <li>Osteopathic Care (Outpatient)</li> <li>Osteoporosis (Outpatient)</li> <li>Pancreatic Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Pancreatic Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Pancreatic Nephrology (Outpatient)</li> <li>Parkinsons Disease (Outpatient)</li> <li>Pediatric Allergy/Immunology (Outpatient - Child/Youth)</li> <li>Pediatric Nephrology (Outpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Perimenopause (Outpatient)</li> <li>Perimenopause (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Perimenopause (Inpatient)</li> <li>Perimenopau</li></ul>			
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# **Locations of Care**

* Primary Location Locations of Care	Available Services
	<ul> <li>Diabetes Mellitus (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Ear/Nose/Throat Surgery (Surgical Services)</li> <li>Eating Disorders (Outpatient)</li> <li>EEG/EKG/EMG Lab (Imaging/Diagnostic Services)</li> <li>Emphysema (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>End Stage Renal Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Epilepsy (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Esophageal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Esophageal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Esophageal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Esophageal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Esophageal Cancer (Outpatient)</li> <li>Farmily Support (Non 24 Hour Care)</li> <li>Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Head Injury (Outpatient)</li> <li>Heart Failure (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Heart Failure (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Heyperbilirubinemia (Outpatient)</li> <li>Hyperbilirubinemia (Outpatient)</li> <li>Hyperbilirubinemia (Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> <li>Hypertension (Inpatient, Outpatient)</li> </ul>



# **2010 National Patient Safety Goals**

### Hospital

Safety Goals	Organizations Should	Implemented
Improve the accuracy of patient identification.	Use of Two Patient Identifiers	Ø
	Eliminating Transfusion Errors	$\bigcirc$
Improve the effectiveness of communication among caregivers.	Timely Reporting of Critical Tests and Critical Results	Ø
Improve the safety of using medications.	Labeling Medications	Ø
	Reducing Harm from Anticoagulation Therapy	$\bigcirc$
Reduce the risk of health care-associated infections.	Meeting Hand Hygiene Guidelines	Ø
	Preventing Multi-Drug Resistant Organism Infections	$\bigcirc$
	Preventing Central-Line Associated Blood Stream Infections	0 0 0 0
	Preventing Surgical Site Infections	$\bigcirc$
Accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care.	Comparing Current and Newly Ordered Medications	Ø
	Communicating Medications to the Next Provider	$\bigotimes$
	Providing a Reconciled Medication List to the Patient	$\bigcirc$
	Settings in Which Medications are Minimally Used	Ø     Ø     Ø
The organization identifies safety risks inherent in its patient population.	Identifying Individuals at Risk for Suicide	Ø
Universal Protocol	Conducting a Pre-Procedure Verification Process	$\bigotimes$
	Marking the Procedure Site	$\bigcirc$
	Performing a Time-Out	$\bigcirc$

#### Symbol Key

The organization has met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The organization has not met the National Patient Safety Goal.
 The Goal is not applicable for this organization.

Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations

Statewide

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Nationwide

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### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

Symbol Key			
This organization achieved the best possible results	R	Reporting Pe	riod: July 2011 - June 2012
This organization's performance is above the target range/value.			
This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.			
O This organization's performance is below the target range/value.			
Not displayed	Measu	ire Area	Explanation
	Heart A	Attack Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall guality of care provided to Heart Attack (AMI)

patients.

#### Footnote Key

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For further information and explanation of the **Quality Report contents,** refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
		N	ationwide	ou organiz		wide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart attack patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	88% of 17 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	97%
Aspirin at arrival*	Heart attack patients receiving aspirin when arriving at the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients receive aspirin within 24 hours before or after they arrive at the hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	98% of 184 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
Aspirin prescribed at discharge*	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for aspirin when being discharged from the hospital. This measure reports how often aspirin was prescribed to heart attack patients when they are leaving a hospital. Aspirin is beneficial because it reduces the tendency of blood to clot in blood vessels of the heart and improves survival rates.	99% of 158 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%



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updated data. 10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the

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### University Physicians Healthcare Hospital

2800 E Ajo Way, Tucson, AZ



### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

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The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.	Measure		Explanation	Hospital Results	Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations. The Measure results are not statistically valid. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients. The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.	Beta blocker prescribed discharge*	l at	Heart attack patients who have a medicine called a "beta blocker" prescribed when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart attack patients were prescribed a special type of medicine when leaving the hospital, that has been shown to reduce further heart damage.	99% of 154 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
<ul> <li>The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.</li> <li>Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.</li> <li>There were no eligible patients that met</li> </ul>	Statin Prescribed at Dis	scharge	Heart attack patients who receive a prescription for a statin medication at discharge. This measure reports what percentage of heart patients who have problems with high cholesterol were prescribed medications to help reduce their "bad" cholesterol.	99% of 160 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%



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J	H	eart Failure Care	This category of evidence based me

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		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited O	rganizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
Heart Failure Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Heart Failure (HF) patients.	Ø	Ø	

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
		N	ationwide	cu Organiz		wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
ACE inhibitor or ARB for LVSD*	Heart failure patients who receive either a prescription for a medicine called an "ACE inhibitor" or a medicine called an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) when they are discharged from the hospital. This measure reports what percent of heart failure patients who have problems with the heart pumping enough blood to the body were prescribed medicines to improve the heart's ability to pump blood.	93% of 46 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%	
Discharge instructions*	Heart failure patients who receive specific discharge instructions about their condition. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure are given information about their condition and care when they leave the hospital. Patient education about medicines, diet, activities, and signs to watch for is important in order to prevent further hospitalization. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	70% of 86 eligible Patients	100%	94%	100%	95%	
LVF assessment*	Heart failure patients who have had the function of the main pumping chamber of the heart (i.e., left ventricle) checked during their hospitalization. This measure reports what percent of patients with heart failure receive an in-depth evaluation of heart muscle function in order to get the right treatment for their heart failure. Limitations of measure use - see Accreditation Quality Report User Guide.	98% of 104 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	100%	

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### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

Reporting Period: July 2011 - June 2012					
			to other Joint nission		
		Accredited Organizations			
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide		
Pneumonia Care	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall quality of care provided to Pneumonia patients.	Ø	$\bigotimes$		

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations				
		1	lationwide			ewide
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department.*	Pneumonia patients who were admitted through the Emergency Department who had a blood test in the Emergency Department for the presence of bacteria in their blood. Before antibiotics are given, blood samples are taken to test for the type of infection. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients admitted through the Emergency Department who received this test before antibiotics were given.	94% of 111 eligible Patients <sup>7</sup>	100%	98%	100%	98%
Blood cultures for pneumonia patients in intensive care units.	Pneumonia patients cared for in an intensive care unit that had a blood test for the presence of bacteria in their blood within 24 hours of hospital arrival. This measure reports the percent of pneumonia patients in intensive care units who had a blood culture within 24 hours prior to or after hospital arrival.	94% of 54 eligible Patients <sup>7</sup>	100%	98%	100%	99%
Initial antibiotic selection for CAP in immunocompetent – non ICU patient*	Patients not in intensive care units who have community-acquired pneumonia who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that has been shown to be effective for community-acquired pneumonia. This measure reports how often patients with community-acquired pneumonia not cared for in intensive care units, were given the correct antibiotic within 24 hours of hospital arrival, based on recommendations from written guidelines, for the treatment of pneumonia.	95% of 62 eligible Patients <sup>7</sup>	100%	96%	100%	98%



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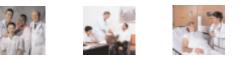
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		Compared to other Joint Commission		
		Accredited C	Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide	
SCIP - Cardiac	This evidence based measure assesses continuation of beta-blocker therapy in selected surgical patients.			

		Compared to other Joint Commission					
			Accredit	ed Organiz	ations		
		١	lationwide		State	wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital	Top 10%	Average	Top 10%	Average	
		Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:	
Surgery patients taking a Beta-Blocker before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room.	This measure reports the number of patients taking a Beta-Blocker medication before hospital admission who received a Beta-Blocker in the time frame of 24 hours before surgery through the time they were in the recovery room. Risk of complications is decreased when the Beta-Blocker is continued during the surgical time frame.	96% of 23 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	97%	100%	97%	

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Reporting Period: July 2011 - June 2012

### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

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	Accredited C	Organizations	
Measure Area	Explanation	Nationwide	Statewide
SCIP - Infection Prevention	This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.	Θ	Θ

		Compared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations					
		N	Vationwide	eu organiz		wide	
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Patients having a surgery who received medicine to prevent infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut.*	This measure reports how often patients having surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	89% of 81 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%	
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed.*	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would be helpful.	93% of 80 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%	

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Footnote Key		preventi	on.				-	
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2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.					Vationwide		State	
3. The number of patients is not enough	Measure		Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored	Average Rate:
<ul><li>4. The measure meets the Privacy</li></ul>			Ti '		at Least:		at Least:	
<ul> <li>Disclosure Threshold rule.</li> <li>5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.</li> </ul>	Patients who had surgery received appropriate meet that prevents infection		This measure reports how often surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was					
6. The Measure results are not statistically valid.	(antibiotic) and the antibio was stopped within 24 ho		stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that					
7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.	after the surgery ended.*		prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not	Θ				
8. The number of months with Measure			helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other	85% of 80 eligible	100%	97%	100%	97%
<ul><li>9. The measure results are temporarily</li></ul>			signs of infection). Note: Not every surgery requires antibiotics and this	Patients				
suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.			measure reports on those selected					
10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the			surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that antibiotics would					
individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.	Patients Having Colon/La	arde	be helpful. Overall report of hospital's	0				
<b>11.</b> There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.	Intestine Surgery*	arge	performance on Surgical Infection	Θ	100%	95%	99%	94%
the denominator criteria.			Prevention Measures for Colon/Large Intestine Surgery.	67% of 39 eligible	10070	0070	0070	0470
	Patients having colon/lar		This measure reports how often	Patients				
For further information	intestine surgery who rec medicine to prevent infect		patients having colon/large intestine surgery received medicine that	<b>1</b> 3				
and explanation of the Quality Report contents,	(an antibiotic) within one	hour	prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was	0	100%	97%	100%	97%
refer to the "Quality	before the skin was surgi cut. *	ically	surgically cut. Infection is lowest	77% of 13 eligible	100,0	0170	10070	0170
Report User Guide.''			when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	Patients <sup>3</sup>				
	Patients having colon/lar	•	This measure reports how often					
	intestine surgery who rec the appropriate medicine		patients who had colon/large intestine surgery were given the	<b>1</b> 3				
	(antibiotic) which is show be effective for this type	n to	appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to	69% of	100%	94%	100%	90%
	surgery.*	01	be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of	13 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>				
			experts around the country.					



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- This information is part of the Hospital Quality Alliance. This information can also be viewed at www.hospitalcompare.hhs.gov
- Null value or data not displayed.

updated data. 10. Test Measure: a

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11.

### University Physicians Healthcare Hospital

2800 E Ajo Way, Tucson, AZ



### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

Symbol Key								
This organization achieved the best possible results	Reporting Peri	od: July	7 2011 - June 2012					
This organization's performance is above the target range/value.								
This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.					Corr	pared to o Commiss		
This organization's performance is below the target range/value.					Accre	edited Org	anizations	
Not displayed	Measure Area		Explanation		Nationwie	de	Statewide	9
Eastnots Var	SCIP - Infection Prevention		egory of evidence based measures ass se of indicated antibiotics for surgical in on.		Θ		Θ	
• The Measure or Measure Set was not		P		0		Ale and Laborat	0	
reported.				Cor	npared to c Accredite	ed Organiz		<u> </u>
The Measure Set does not have an overall result.	Management		Evelopetien		lationwide	A		wide
The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.	Measure		Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Rate:
<ul> <li>The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.</li> <li>The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.</li> <li>The Measure results are not statistically valid.</li> <li>The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.</li> <li>The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.</li> <li>The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of</li> </ul>	Patients who had colon/l intestine surgery and red appropriate medicine tha prevents infection (antibi and the antibiotic was st within 24 hours after the surgery ended.*	ceived at iotic) opped	This measure reports how often colon/large intestine surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	54% of 13 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	94%	100%	94%
updated data. <b>1.</b> Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.	Patients Having Hip Join Replacement Surgery*	nt	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Hip Joint Replacement Surgery.	94% of 48 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
1. There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria. For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents,	Patients having hip joint replacement surgery whe received medicine to pre infection (an antibiotic) w one hour before the skin surgically cut.*	o event vithin	This measure reports how often patients having hip joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	100% of 16 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
refer to the ''Quality Report User Guide.''	Patients having hip joint replacement surgery whe received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) whi shown to be effective for type of surgery.*	o ch is	This measure reports how often patients who had hip joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 16 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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### University Physicians Healthcare Hospital

2800 E Ajo Way, Tucson, AZ



### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

Symbol Key								
This organization achieved the best possible results	Reporting Per	iod: Jul	y 2011 - June 2012					
This organization's performance is above the target range/value.								
This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.					Compared to other Joint Commission			
O This organization's performance is below the target range/value.			Accredited Organizations					
Not displayed	Measure Area		Explanation		Nationwi	Nationwide Statewide		
	SCIP - Infection Prevention						Θ	
Footnote Key 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not		provona		Cor	npared to c	othor loint	Commissio	
reported.					Accredit	ed Organiz	ations	
overall result.	Measure		Explanation	N Hospital	lationwide	Average		
<ol> <li>The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.</li> <li>The measure meets the Privacy</li> </ol>	Medsure			Results	Scored at Least:	Rate:	Scored at Least:	Rate:
<ol> <li>The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.</li> <li>The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.</li> <li>The Measure results are not statistically valid.</li> <li>The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.</li> <li>The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.</li> <li>The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resultsmission of</li> </ol>	Patients who had hip jo replacement surgery an received appropriate me that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antik was stopped within 24 h after the surgery ended	id edicine piotic nours	This measure reports how often hip joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	81% of 16 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	98%
updated data. <b>10.</b> Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.	Patients Having a Hysterectomy*		Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measure for Hysterectomy Surgery.	96% of 109 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%
11. There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria. For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents,	Patients having hystere surgery who received medicine to prevent infe (an antibiotic) within one before the skin was surg cut.*	ection e hour	This measure reports how often patients having hysterectomy surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	95% of 37 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	99%
refer to the ''Quality Report User Guide.''	Patients having hystere surgery who received th appropriate medicine (antibiotic) which is sho be effective for this type surgery.*	ne wn to	This measure reports how often patients who had hysterectomy surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	94% of 36 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%



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### University Physicians Healthcare Hospital

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### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

Symbol Key								
This organization achieved the best possible results	Reporting Peri	iod: Jul	y 2011 - June 2012					
This organization's performance is above the target range/value.								
This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.					Com	npared to o Commiss		
O This organization's performance is below the target range/value.			Accr	Accredited Organizations				
Not displayed	Measure Area		Explanation			Nationwide Statewide		
	SCIP - Infection Prevention This category of evidence based measures assesses the overall use of indicated antibiotics for surgical infection prevention.				Θ	ΘΘ		
Footnote Key 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not		protona		Cor	mpared to c	other Joint	Commissio	n
<ol> <li>reported.</li> <li>The Measure Set does not have an</li> </ol>					mpared to other Joint Commission Accredited Organizations			
<ul><li>overall result.</li><li>The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.</li></ul>	Measure		Explanation	N Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	wide Average Rate:
<ol> <li>The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.</li> <li>The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.</li> <li>The Measure results are not statistically valid.</li> <li>The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.</li> <li>The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.</li> <li>The measure results are temporarily</li> </ol>	Patients who had hysterectomy surgery ar received appropriate me that prevents infection (antibiotic) and the antib was stopped within 24 h after the surgery ended.	edicine piotic nours .*	This measure reports how often hysterectomy surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	00% of 36 eligible Patients	100%	97%	100%	97%
suppressed pending resubmission of updated data. 10. Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting	Patients Having Knee Jo Replacement Surgery*	oint	Overall report of hospital's performance on Surgical Infection Prevention Measures for Knee Joint Replacement Surgery.	84% of 45 eligible Patients	100%	99%	100%	99%
National Quality Forum Endorsement. 11. There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria. For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents,	Patients having knee joi replacement surgery wh received medicine to pre infection (an antibiotic) v one hour before the skir surgically cut.*	no event within	This measure reports how often patients having knee joint replacement surgery received medicine that prevents infection (an antibiotic) within one hour before the skin was surgically cut. Infection is lowest when patients receive antibiotics to prevent infection within one hour before the skin is surgically cut.	73% of 15 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	99%	100%	98%
refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."	Patients having knee joi replacement surgery wh received the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) whi shown to be effective for type of surgery.*	io e ich is	This measure reports how often patients who had knee joint replacement surgery were given the appropriate medicine (antibiotic) that prevents infection which is know to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country.	100% of 15 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%



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17



### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

							_
					npared to o Commiss edited Orga	sion	
Measure Area		Explanation		Nationwi	de	Statewide	
SCIP - Infection Prevention		tegory of evidence based measures ass use of indicated antibiotics for surgical in tion.		Θ		Θ	
					other Joint ed Organiz	ations	
Measure	9	Explanation	Hospital Results	Iationwide Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	State Top 10% Scored at Least:	
Patients who had k replacement surger received appropriat that prevents infect (antibiotic) and the was stopped within after the surgery er	ry and te medicine tion antibiotic 24 hours	This measure reports how often knee joint replacement surgery patients whose medicine (an antibiotic) to prevent infection was stopped within 24 hours after the surgery ended. Giving medicine that prevents infection for more than 24 hours after the end of surgery is not helpful, unless there is a specific reason (for example, fever or other signs of infection).	80% of 15 eligible Patients <sup>3</sup>	100%	98%	100%	98%
Surgery patients wi hair removal.	th proper	This measure reports the number of surgical patients that have had hair at the site of the surgical cut removed properly. Infection is lowest when patients have hair removed with electrical clippers or hair removal cream.	100% of 184 eligible Patients	100%	100%	100%	100%
Urinary Catheter Re	emoved	This measure reports the number of surgery patients whose urinary catheter was removed by the end of the second day after surgery.	85% of 85 eligible	100%	95%	99%	96%

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Null value or data not displayed.

#### Symbol Key

This organization achieved the best possible results
 This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
 Not displayed

#### **Footnote Key**

- The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- **3.** The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- 7. The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- 8. The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
- 9. The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.
- Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.
   There were no eligible patients that met
- 1. There were no eligible patients that me the denominator criteria.

### University Physicians Healthcare Hospital

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### **National Quality Improvement Goals**

#### Symbol Key

This organization achieved the best possible results
 This organization's performance is above the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is similar to the target range/value.
 This organization's performance is below the target range/value.
 Not displayed

#### **Footnote Key**

- 1. The Measure or Measure Set was not reported.
- 2. The Measure Set does not have an overall result.
- **3.** The number of patients is not enough for comparison purposes.
- 4. The measure meets the Privacy Disclosure Threshold rule.
- 5. The organization scored above 90% but was below most other organizations.
- The Measure results are not statistically valid.
- The Measure results are based on a sample of patients.
- The number of months with Measure data is below the reporting requirement.
   The measure results are temporarily.
- The measure results are temporarily suppressed pending resubmission of updated data.
- Test Measure: a measure being evaluated for reliability of the individual data elements or awaiting National Quality Forum Endorsement.
   There were no eligible patients that me
- **1.** There were no eligible patients that met the denominator criteria.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

#### Reporting Period: July 2011 - June 2012

#### Measure Area

SCIP – Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) This category of evidenced based measures assesses the use of indicated treatment for the prevention of blood clots in selected surgical patients

Explanation

		Со	npared to c Accredit	other Joint ed Organiz		n	
		١	lationwide		Statewide		
Measure	Explanation	Hospital Results	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	Top 10% Scored at Least:	Average Rate:	
Patients having surgery who had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients having surgery had treatment prescribed for the prevention of blood clots. The incidence of blood clots is lowest when patients are treated to prevent them. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	93% of 156 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	98%	
Patients having surgery who received the appropriate treatment to prevent blood clots which is shown to be effective for the type of surgery performed. Note: Treatment may be medication, stockings, or mechanical devices for exercising the legs.	This measure reports how often patients who had surgery were given the appropriate treatment that prevents blood clots which is known to be effective for the type of surgery, based upon the recommendations of experts around the country. Note: Not every surgery requires treatment and this measure reports on those selected surgeries where evidence/experts have identified that treatment to prevent blood clots would be helpful.	92% of 156 eligible Patients	100%	98%	100%	97%	

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65%

65%

49%

33%

25%

25%



### **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- **3.** Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

	Survey Da	te Range		Number of	Completed Surv	/eys	Survey Resp	oonse Rate
Janua	ry 2011 throug	gh December 2	011	30	209	20%		
uestion				Explanation				
How ofte with patie		communicate w	rell	them during the doctors <b>expla</b>	rted how often ti neir hospital sta <b>ined things cle</b> reated the patier	y. "Communie arly, listene	cated well" me d carefully to	eans o the
Doctors "always" communicated well Doctors "usually" communi					unicated well		s"sometimes" communicated	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
78%	77%	81%	14%	17%	15%	8%	6%	4%
Question			1	Explanation				
		ommunicate we		Patients report them during the state of the	rted how often t neir hospital sta i <b>ngs clearly, lis</b> tient with <b>court</b>	y. "Communio <b>tened caref</b> u	cated well" me <b>ully</b> to the pat	eans nurses
How ofte with patie			əll	Patients report them during the state of the	neir hospital sta i <b>ngs clearly, lis</b> itient with <b>court</b>	y. "Communio tened carefu esy and resp Nurses	cated well" me <b>ully</b> to the pat	eans nurses ient, and or "never"
How ofte with patie	ents?		əll	Patients report them during the <b>explained thi</b> treated the pa	neir hospital sta i <b>ngs clearly, lis</b> itient with <b>court</b>	y. "Communio tened carefu esy and resp Nurses	cated well" me ully to the pat pect. "sometimes"	eans nurses ient, and or "never"
How ofte with patie Nurses "a Hospital	ents? Iways" commu State	unicated well National	ell Nurses " Hospital	Patients report them during the explained this treated the part usually" common State	neir hospital sta ings clearly, lis itient with court unicated well National	y. "Communion tened carefu esy and res Nurses co Hospital	cated well" me ully to the pat pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National
How ofte with patie Nurses "a Hospital Rate 68%	ents? Iways" commu State Average	unicated well National Average	ell Nurses " Hospital Rate 24%	Patients report them during the explained this treated the part usually" common State Average	neir hospital sta ings clearly, lis itient with court unicated well National Average	y. "Communi tened carefu esy and res Nurses co Hospital Rate	cated well" me ully to the pat pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average
How ofte with patie Nurses "a Hospital Rate 68% Question How ofte	ents? Iways" commu State Average 76%	unicated well National Average	ell Nurses " Hospital Rate 24%	Patients report them during the explained this treated the part usually" common State Average 19% Explanation	neir hospital sta <b>ings clearly, lis</b> itient with <b>court</b> unicated well National Average 18% rted how often ti <b>button</b> or need	y. "Communi- tened carefu esy and resp Nurses ca Hospital Rate 8%	cated well" me ully to the pat pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average 5% ped quickly w	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average 5% hen they
How ofte with patie Nurses "a Hospital Rate 68% Question How ofte from hosp	ents? Iways" commu State Average 76% n did patients	unicated well National Average 77% receive help qu ved help as	ell Nurses " Hospital Rate 24%	Patients report them during the explained this treated the part usually" common State Average 19% Explanation Patients report used the call	neir hospital sta ings clearly, lis itient with court unicated well National Average 18% rted how often th button or need dpan.	y. "Communitened carefue tened carefue esy and respondent Nurses Control Hospital Rate 8% ney were hell ed help in ge Patients	cated well" me ully to the pat pect. "sometimes" ommunicated State Average 5% ped quickly w	eans nurses ient, and or "never" well National Average 5% ben they bathroom

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18%

10%

10%



### **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

Survey Date Range				Number of Completed Surveys			Survey Response Rate		
Januar	ry 2011 throug	gh December 20	011	300 or More			20%		
Question	Question Explanation								
	n was patients ?	s' pain well		If patients nee survey asked controlled" me	eded medicine f how often their eans their <b>pain</b> f <b>did everythin</b>	pain was we was well co	ell controlled. " ntrolled and t	Well hat the	
Pain was	s "always" we	ll controlled	Pain wa	as "usually" we	ll controlled	Pain was	sometimes" c controlled	or "never" well	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
64%	69%	70%	24%	24%	23%	12%	7%	7%	
Question				Explanation					

How often did staff explain about medicines before giving them to patients?

If patients were given medicine that they had not taken before, the survey asked how often staff explained about the medicine. "Explained" means that hospital staff told **what the medicine was for** and what **side effects it might have** before they gave it to the patient.

Staff "always" explained		Staff "usually" explained			Staff "sometimes" or "never" explained			
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
60%	62%	62%	18%	18%	18%	22%	20%	20%



## **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### **Footnote Key**

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- 2. This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

	Survey Dat	e Range		Number of	Completed Sur	veys	Survey Response Rate		
Januar	y 2011 throug	h December 20	011	3(	00 or More		20%		
Question				Explanation					
	were the pat s kept clean?	ients' rooms ar	nd	Patients repo were kept cle	ted how often t e <b>an</b> .	heir <b>hospita</b>	I room and ba	athroom	
Room was "always" clean F				oom was "usuall	y" clean	Room wa	as "sometimes clean	s" or "never"	
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
63%	70%	72%	22%	20%	19%	15%	10%	9%	
Question				Explanation					
	was the area ot quiet at nigl	a around patien nt?	ts'	Patients report quiet at nigh	ted how often <b>t</b> t.	he area aro	und their roo	m was	
"Alv	vays" quiet at	night	"	"Usually" quiet at night "Sor			metimes" or "never" quiet at night		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospita Rate	l State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
42%	56%	59%	35%	32%	30%	23%	12%	11%	

Question		Explana	lion		
	iven information abc ir recovery at home?	they work what hospital patients what hospital patients inform	rvey asked patients a ere ready to leave th al staff had <b>discusse</b> is also reported whet <b>ation about sympto</b> <b>their recovery</b> .	e hospital. Patients i <b>d the help they wo</b> her they were given	reported whether uld need at home. written
Yes, staff	<sup>i</sup> did give patients thi	is information	No, staff d	id not give patients t	this information
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average
74%	84%	83%	26%	16%	17%



# **Survey of Patients' Hospital Experiences**

#### Footnote Key

- 1. Fewer than 100 patients completed the HCAHPS survey. Use these rates with caution, as the number of surveys may be too low to reliably assess hospital performance.
- This displays less than 12 months of accurate data.
- 3. Survey results are not available for this period.
- 4. No patients were eligible for the HCAHPS Survey.

For further information and explanation of the Quality Report contents, refer to the "Quality Report User Guide."

55%

70%

70%

35%

24%

25%

10%

6%

5%

							Survey Response Rate		
	Survey Da	te Range		Number of	Completed Sur	veys	Survey Res	ponse Rate	
Januar	y 2011 throug	gh December 20	011	30	00 or More		20%		
Question			I	Explanation					
How do p	atients rate th	e hospital over	all?	After answering all other questions on the survey, <b>patients</b> <b>answered a separate question that asked for an overall rating</b> <b>of the hospital</b> . Ratings were on a scale from 0 to 10, where "0" means "worst hospital possible" and "10" means "best hospital possible."					
Patients w	ho gave a rati (high)	ing of 9 or 10	Patients	s who gave a rating of 7 or 8 Patients who gave a rating of 6 c (medium) lower (low)					
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	
51%	68%	69%	31%	23%	22%	18%	9%	9%	
Question			I	Explanation					
Would pa friends an		nend the hospit	al to		sked patients <b>w</b> eir friends and t		y would recom	imend the	
	atients would mmend the h			ecommend the hospital the h			patients would not recommend ospital (they probably would not initely would not recommend it)		
Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	Hospital Rate	State Average	National Average	